

Unit Seven

survival equipment	N	أدوات النجاة
signal flare	N	وميض تحذيري
signal mirror	N	مرآة عاكسة
Priority	N	أولوية
Oars	N	مجاديف
first-aid kit	N	حقيبة إسعافات أولية
emergency blanket	N	بطانية للطوارئ
Survive	V	ينجو
Whistle	N	صفارة
sea-sickness ta N	ablet	أقراص لمعالجة دوار البحر
survival man	ual	كتاب عن تعليم النجاة
Induce	V	يسبب
Experience	v	يواجه/يخوض
Effort	N	جهد/مجهود
Situation	N	موقف/حالة
Systematica adv	lly	بطريقة منظمة

Alternative	adj	بدیل
Effective	adj	مؤثر
Evaluate	V	يقيم
Generate	V	يوند
Routine	N	عمل نمطي
Breeze	N	نسيم
Antiseptic	N	مطهر
Relatively	adv	نسبياً
Decongestant	N	دواء للأنف
Alleviate	V	يسكن/يخفف
Gadget	N	آلة/جهاز
Probably	adv	من المحتمل
Extract	V	يست <mark>خرج/ين</mark> تزع
Fingerprint	N	بصمة
Enzyme	N	أنزيم
MININE S	M	Medicon

Writing

Travelling by sea is interesting, but sometimes it becomes very dangerous. Write a report of two parargraphs to discuss why some people prefer travelling by sea and the survival equipment we may need in a trip.

These guide words may help you.

Amazing – sea breeze – views – sailling – survival equioment– first-aid kit signal mirror – emegency blanket – sea sickness tablets.

	Plan	your	writing	here
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	THE STATES OF THE STATES
	(8)

Reading Comprehension

* Read the following passage carefully, and then answer the question below:

The day is beautiful! Janie and Jake's mom decided to take them to the beach. She even told them that since they had finished their homework. She wanted to reward them after hardworking. They could bring a friend. Janie and Jake were excited! They loved the beach. They could do a lot of things there. Janie decided to ask one of her friends to go with her. She asked Hayley to come with her. Jake asked his friend Charlie. They went everywhere together. Once both friends arrived, it was time to hop in the van. The kids packed some beach toys they want. Mom packed a cooler with sandwiches and drinks, towels, sun cream, and a chair for herself.

Once they reached the beach, every one unpacked their things. The mom put sun cream on everyone. The sun was clear and sunny. It was going to be a hot day with no clouds. Everyone put even hats. Also, they put up the umbrellas. What a great day!

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. The best title for the passage is					
a) Bad day	a) Bad day b) Beach day c) Hot day d) Hayley's day				
2.The underlined word " <u>They</u> "	in line 5 refers to				
a) Jake and Charlie	b) Janie and Hayley	c) mom and Janie	d) sandwiches		
3. The word "put up" in the las	st line means				
a) go together	b) finish	c) set up	d) fold		
4. Once the kids reach the beac	h, their mom	on even	ryone.		
a) made the sandwiches b) pur	t on sun cream c) hop	oped in the van d) d	lecided to grill fish		
B) Answer the following questions:					
5. Why did the mom decide to take her children to the beach?					
6. What did the mom pack for the trip?					
7. Why did the kids put their hats on their heads?					
8- How did Janie and Jake feel about going to the beach?					

<u>1) Fi</u>	<u>Vocabulary</u> 1) Fill in each space with the suitable words from the list: alternative – signal flare – effort – systematically – generating – survive				
1.	We use		to show people our pl	ace in the sea.	
2.	Never waste tin	ne or	in doing	useless things .	
3.	People can		in dangers by usin	g survival equipment.	
4.	If I were you, I	would find	so	lutions.	
5.	Using creative	thinking and.	ideas	helps to solve problems.	
<u>2) Cł</u>	noose the correc	t word from	a), b), c) and d):		
6.		help the po	olice to arrest criminal	S.	
	a) Enzyme	b) oars	c) Fingerprints	d) Whistles	
7.	The teacher wil	1	each one at t	he end of the term.	
	a) evaluate	b) generate	e c) extract	d) survive	
8.	•••••	I'm not	going to travel abroad	this year . I'm not sure.	
	a) Happily	b) Proba	bly c) Relativel	y d) Systematically	
9.	We should use		to protect our bo	dies from microbes.	
	a) situations b) whistle c) enzymes d) antiseptics				
<u>Grammar</u>					
		A 6	<u>Grammar</u>		
		<u>Fu</u>	Grammar ture (going to + in	<u>ıf)</u>	
I —	→ am	<u>Fu</u>			
I —	→ am – They – We —	Fu are	ture (going to + in	English.	
		are	ture (going to + in I' m going to study I	English. p early.	
He – 3-	They – We — is She – It → is Choose the cory mother is not general and attending	are crect answer going to b) attend to watch a	I'm going to study I We are going to slee He is going to go sho from a), b), c) and d the meeting, she i c) attends new film this evening	English. p early. ppping. bis busy. d) attended g.	
He – 3-	They – We — is She – It → is Choose the cory mother is not general and attending	are crect answer going to b) attend to watch a	I'm going to + in I'm going to study I We are going to sleet He is going to go sho from a), b), c) and d the meeting, she i c) attends	English. p early. ppping. bis busy. d) attended g.	
He – 3-1 - M; 2 - I . 4-	They – We — is She – It → is Choose the cory mother is not general and attending	b) attendation is going to	I'm going to study I We are going to slee He is going to go sho from a), b), c) and d the meeting, she i c) attends new film this evening g c) am going kets:	English. p early. ppping. bis busy. d) attended g.	
He – 3-1 - M; 2 - I	They – We — is She – It → is Choose the cory mother is not g a) attending a) going Do as shown b	b) attenda b) is going to b) is goin	I'm going to study I We are going to slee He is going to go sho from a), b), c) and d the meeting, she i c) attends new film this evening ng c) am going kets: ab next week.	English. p early. ppping. b: s busy. d) attended g. d) have gone	

First conditional If IfPresent Simple				
Conjunctions				
1- When				
Ex: Can you call me when the dinner is ready?				
2- As soon as I had finished my exam, I travelled abroad.				
3- <u>until</u>				
Ex: They played football in the park until it got dark.				
4- <u>before</u> Ev. It's heat to get there at 8 am hefere the test having				
Ex: It's best to get there at 8 am, before the test begins. 5- after				
Ex: After I had seen the film, I read the book				
- Choose the correct answer from a), b), c) and d): I – I will wait my mother arrives.				
a) until b) after c) before d) as soon as				
2 I saw the accident, I phoned the police.				
a) Before b) As soon as c) Until d) But				
3- I'll phone you				
4 .I saw the advertisement . I phoned to book some tickets . (<u>Join</u>)				
Language Functions A. What way would gave in the following situations				
A- What you would say in the following situation: 1. Your friend wants to go on a journey by the sea.				
2. Your sister feels sea sickness when travelling by sea.				
3. Your friend has a big problem.				
4 . Someone says," sea breeze is very useful				

Set book

A. Answer the following questions:
1- What are these things used for?

The survival equipment					
1- Hrst ald kit	1- first aid kit				
2- oars	2- oars				
3- signal flare					
4- emergency blanket					
5- signal mirror					
6 and giolymag tablets					
6- sea -sickness tablets					
7- survival manual					
2- What possible risks co	ould you face at the sea ?				
	4.0				
3- What is a problem?					
4- What are the features of	of problem solving ?				
•••••					
5- What does thinking outside the box mean?					
6- How does problem solving change a real present situation into a better future one?					
7. What is the difference between the :					
7- What is the difference between the : a- Critical thinking					
b- Creative thinking:					
8- Why are sea breezes good for health?					
a b					
9- Would fireworks work on the moon? Why?					
9. What should we do with old broken godgets ?					
8- What should we do with old broken gadgets?					
9-Why are fingerprints important?					
10- Why do text messages get through when there is no signal for voice calls?					
(12)					

Unit 8

Determined adj	مصمم
Inspire V	يلهم
Disability N	عجز/إعاقة
Engage V	ينهمك في
Strict adj	صارم
Rigid adj	صلب/جامد
Specialized adj	متخصص
Devise V	یخترع/یبتکر
trial and error N	المحاولة و الخطأ
Influential adj	موثر
Theory N	نظرية
Approach N	طريقة
look down upon Ph.v	يزدري/يتعالى
Belittle V	يقلل من شأن
Counselor N	مستشار

<u>, </u>		
Promise	V	يعد
Common	adj	عام/شائع
Apologise	V	يعتذر
keep in touch	ph.v	يبقى على اتصال
take up	ph.v	ينشغل بشيء
Lonely	adj	منعزل/وحيد
Brainteaser	N	لغز
Challenge	N	تحدي
Criteria	N	معايير
traffic jam	N	ازدحام المرور
Escalator	N	سلم متحرك
Stuck	adj	ملتصق
Marble	N	کرة رخامية
Portrait	N	صورة شخص
Logic	N	منطق الأحداث



Writing

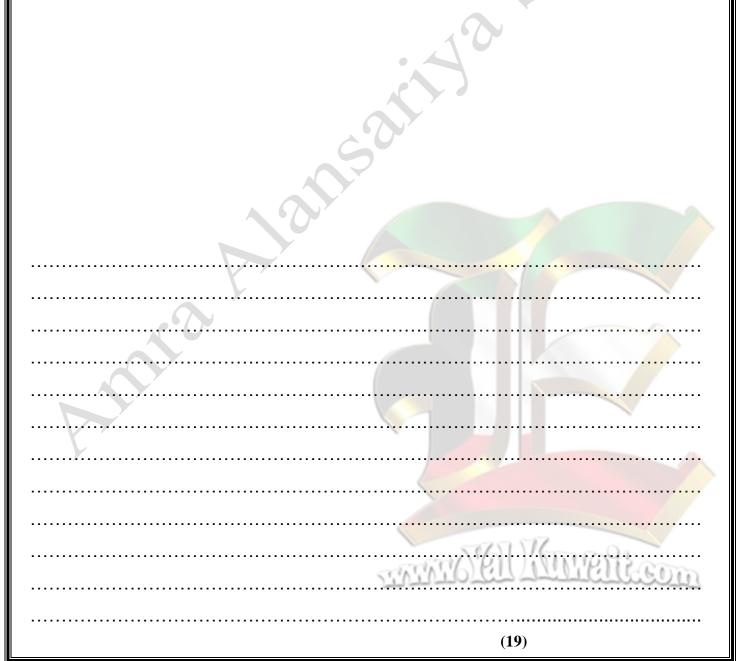
Life is full of problems and we spend a lot of time trying to solve them. Write a report of two paragraphs to discuss the meaning of a problem and the features of problem solving.

These guide words may help you.

experience - effort- difficulty - situations - counselor - systematically

- alterative - creative - understand - plan - try - check.

Plane your writing here



Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

A) Choose the best answer from a), b), c) and d):

People often collect things. Stamps, books and records are common things they like to collect. But the strangest **collection** I have ever seen belongs to a man who possesses 1500 clocks.

This man is called Mr. James. He is an old man of about 88 years old. He lives in a small village near the sea. He is a very rich man and could be richer if he sells some dozens of his clocks. He says each clock, he owns, has a story and like a paper in a great history book. Some of these clocks are made of gold and others are made of silver, but as he always says there are some clocks not gold or silver but more expensive and valuable like this one which was one day in the palace of King Henry II.

There are clocks in every room in his house. The living room is surrounded by shelves which have been filled with clocks. As there is not enough rooms for so many clocks, the man filled several trunks and stored **them** in the garage. His wife complains every day about the work she has to do, for it is not easy to clean hundred clocks. She also complains about the noise. Each clock keeps its own time. In her opinion, however, there is sometimes even worse than dust and noise. Even with so many clocks around, she never knows what time is it.

1. The underlined pronoun "them" in line 13 refers to a) clocks b) trunks c) garages d) people 2. The underlined word "collection" in line 2 means c) opinion b) village d) things a) group 3. The best title for this passage is ".....". a) Collecting stamps b) Strange collection c) Clock noise d) A great history 4. The main idea of the second paragraph is "...............". a) A wife's problem b) clock saving c) valuable clocks d) A great history B) Answer the following questions in reference to the passage: 5. How many clocks does Mr James have? 6. What does his wife complain of? 7. What do people usually collect? 8. Why did Mr. James store the clocks in the garage?

Vocabulary

1) Fill in each space v	vith the suitable wo	ras from the list:	
	belittle – lonely - tr	raffic jam – effort – apolo	ogise
		to my friend for being because he lives alone.	so silly.
3. Never waste time	e or	in doing useless things	•
		ich we face nowadays is	
2) Choose the correct	-	•	
·		you toa h	obby.
a) stuck	b) take up		d) belittle
2. There were	sys1	tem in societies in the past	
	b) effective	_	d) influential
3. We must	disabl	e children with others.	
a) inspire	b) take up	c) device	d) engage
4. If you travel to	Dubai, please don't	forget to	
_	b) promise	_	d) keep in touch
_		ammar	_
		conditional If	
IfPast Simple			
Examples	- Would / W	vouldir t viiii	
-	a secret, I <u>wouldn't</u>	tell anyone.	
<u> </u>	ular exercise if I wa		
3. Choose the correct			
		Í, You	. take a ferry.
a) will	_	c) won't	
*	to bed early,	you wouldn't be tired.	
a) go	b) goes	c) will go	d) went
4) Do as shown between	een brackets:		
4- If you wanted to			(<u>Complete</u>)
	mework I(get) into t	troubles .	(Correct)
o il Froigot illy ilo	ne work 1 (get) into t		(<u>correct</u>)
	•••••••••••		•••••
A Y	Langua	ge Functions	
6) Write what you wo			
6- Your friend belitt	-	wing situation.	
7- You see disabled	woman who wants to	o cross the street.	
		1	
8- Your sister had a	an argument with her	best friend.	
9- Your little brothe	r feels lonely.	110000000	MODE STEEL
10- Brainteasers are	good for children.		
•••••			
		(21)	

Set Book Questions

A. Answer the following questions: 1- Who is Maria Montessori? 2- What did she believe in? 3- There are many achievements for Maria Montessori. Mention Two. a b 4- How do children with disabilities learn? 5 -What should people do to help the disabled ones? b 6- What should you do if you have an argument with your friend? 7- How can you make friendship in a new place? 8- What does a counselor do? 9- In your opinion, how are the brainteasers useful? 10- What are the problem solving strategies? 2- 1-.... 3-.... 12-How can you improve your thinking skills?

TATATO EN KUTTER COM

Unit 9

Emergency	N	أمر طارئ
Rescue	N	إنقاذ
Volcano	N	بركان
Hurricane	N	إعصار
Earthquake	N	زنزال
Tsunami	N	تسونامي
Erupt	V	يثور البركان
Avalanche	N	انهيار جليدي
push out	Ph v	يرمى/يدفع
Powerfully	Adv	بقوه
Plate	N	قشرة أرضية
Predict	V	بنتي الم
Resist	V	يقاوم
Simply	Adv	ببساطة
Coastguard	N	حرس سواحل
Stranded	Adj	محاصر
Luckily	Adv	لحسن الحظ
Lift	V	يرفع
Halt	V	يتوقف

Lightning N	برق
Realize V	يدرك
Authority N	سئلطة
Alert V	یوقظ/ینبه
Paramedic N	مسعف
Risky Adj	محفوف بالمخاطر
Salvage Adj	إنقاذ سفينة
Breed V	يتناسل
Challenging Adj	متحدى
Isolated Adj	منعزل
Deliver V	يوصل
Wilderness N	منطقه برية
smoke jumper N	إطفائي يهبط بمظلة
Sanctuary N	محميه
Rust V	يصدأ
Affect V	يؤثر
Extremely Adv	للغاية
Restore V	يستعيد
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Writing

Life is full of dangerous jobs. Write an e-mail (in 10-12 sentences) to discuss the advantages and disadvantages of these dangerous jobs with examples . Your friend's e-mail is sahar@yahoo.com.

These guide words may help you.

challenging – rewarding – society – respect – help – risky

drive fast – paramedic– smoke jumper –affect – pilot – bad weather– diver – rusted Plan your writing here

From			
То			
Subject			
	χ.υ.		
	/		
		TO CATAVAGE	Murritan
		المساهدة فالمساكدة المساكدة	

(29)

Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

A zoo is a place where we can see wild animals. There is usually one zoo in every country. In England there are five zoos. The biggest is in London. Some people do not like the zoo because they think that it is wrong to keep wild animals in cages. Other people agree, but they think that if the cage is large, the animals will feel happy. The animals have good food every day and if they are ill, they are given the suitable medicine. People don't have to worry about animals.

In the forest, small animals don't live long because they are killed by larger animals. In a zoo, these animals are safe. The very <u>large</u> animals, like lions and tigers are unhappy because they miss the wide, open places where they used to live. Most people enjoy visiting the zoo. They usually prefer to look at the large animals although they are not always the most interesting. Sometimes visitors to the zoo are very unkind to animals. They throw stones and other things at them.

h c and d change the correct answer

A) Fluin a, b, C	and a choose the	correct answer.		
1. The best title	for the passage is "	·	" .	
a) London	b) Cages	c) The zoo	d) Wild ani	imals
2. The underline	ed word " <u>large</u> " in	line 8 means		
a) small	b) very big	c) happy	d) very goo	d
3. The underline	ed pronoun " <u>They</u> "	in line 10 refers to)	
a) lions	b) people	c) animals	d) cages	
4. The main idea	a of the second para	agraph is		
a) wild animals	b) zoos i	n England c)	A safe p <mark>lace</mark>	d) Lions an <mark>d ti</mark> gers
B) Answer the	following question	<u>ns:</u>		
5. How many an	nimals are there in l	England?		
6. What do anin	nals have every day	7?		
7. Why are lions	s and tigers someting		3 O E \ \ E -	12001
O W/l J?4			VI.(9)(8)(7)7	William.
8. why don't sh	nall animals live lo	ng in the forest?		
			(30)	

Vocabulary

1) Fill in each space with the suitable words from the list:

erupt – emergency – rescue – volcanoes – hurricane – earthquake

- 1. The nurse will take that boy to the room.
- 2. There are many in Japan.
- 3. Look! The ground is shaking, it must be an
- 4. Look! Someone is drowning in the sea. We must them.
- 5. A is a very strong storm.

2) Choose the correct word from a), b), c) and d):

- 6. The weather is very bad, it's raining and you can see
 - a) lightening
- b) authority
- c) plate
- d) coastguard
- 7. When I reached the car I that I had forgotten my keys.
 - a) restored
- b)affect
- c) realized
- d) bred
- 8. The sea is rough. Don't go sailing; it's
 - a) extremely
- b) risky
- c) luckily
- d) powerfully
- 9. My brother is a; he drives an ambulance.
 - a) coastguard
- b) jumper
- c) paramedic
- d) smoke jumper

- 10. Al-Wafra is an area, but it has beautiful farms.
 - a) isolated
- b) stranded
- c) challenging
- d) lonely

Grammar The Passive Voice

1- The Present Simple:

الجملة البسيطة تتكون من : الفاعل + الفعل + المفعول به + تكملة الجملة

Subject verb object

Ali

watches

a film

every Monday.

(Passive)

الجملة في المبني للمجهول تبدا بالمفعول به + الفعل المساعد + التصريف الثالث للفعل+ الفاعل +تكملة الجملة

(am / is / are) + (verb) p.p + by subject + complement. Object

A film

is watched

by Ali

every Monday.

2- The Present Continuous:

$$(am - is - are + v. + ing)$$

Subject verb object

* Maha is playing tennis now. (Passive)

عند التحويل للمبنى للمجهول

Object + (am / is / are) + being + (verb) p.p + by subject + complement.

Tennis is being played by Maha now.

3- The Past Simple:

الجملة البسيطة تتكون من : الفاعل + الفعل + المفعول به + تكملة الجملة

Subject verb object

- Fahed wrote a letter yesterday. (Passive)

الجملة في المبنى للمجهول تبدأ بالمفعول به + الفعل المساعد + التصريف الثالث للفعل+ الفاعل +تكملة الجملة

Object + (was / were) + (verb) p.p + by subject + complement.

A letter was written by Fahed yesterday.

4- The Past Continuous:

$$(was - were + v. + ing)$$

Subject verb object

- Mona was watching a film yesterday morning. (Passive)

Object + (was / were) + being + (verb) p.p + by subject + complement.

A film was being watched by Mona yesterday morning.

5-The Passive with modals: (will - can)
Hajer can speak English well. (Passive)
Object + can + $\underline{\mathbf{be}}$ + p.p
English <u>can be</u> spoken by Hajer well.
3) Choose the correct answer from a), b), c) and d): 1- Buildings
4- He won the football match yesterday. (<i>Change into passive</i>)
5- Richter scale can measure the earthquakes. (<i>Change into passive</i>)
6- The governor rewarded the brave fireman. (<i>Change into passive</i>)
7- A volcanic action at sea causes Tsunami. (<u>Change into passive</u>)
8- Paramedics are rescuing the injured persons. (<i>Change into passive</i>)
9- Text messages can save many people from death. (<u>Change into passive</u>)
Language Functions
5) Write what you would say in the following situations:
10- You need to explain to your teacher why you didn't do your homework.
11- Your friend asks your opinion about her new dress.
12- Volcanoes are not dangerous.
13- You asked your grandfather to describe the life in the past.

Set Book Questions

6) Answer the following questions:
14- What is a volcano?
15- A volcanic eruption causes many damages. Mention three.
16- What are hurricanes?
17- Earthquakes can be predicted, so people can be prepared, How?
18- What is an earthquake?
19- Mention three of the forces of nature.
20- What are tsunamis caused by?
21- What does a coastguard do?
22- Define SOS.
23- What does a paramedic do?
24- When do we need the smoke jumper? Why is it a dangerous job?
25- The Alaskan pilot job is a dangerous job. Explain.
26 – Why is a paramedic considered a risky job?



<u>Unit 10</u>

Whirlpool N	دوامة
Terror N	رعب
Overboard Adv	من فوق المركب
Recover V	يتعافى
Barrel N	برميل
Tie V	يربط
Exhausted Adj	متعب
Float V	يطفو
Horizon N	الأفق
Escape V	يهرب
Terrified Adj	مرعوب
pick up Ph v	ياتقط
break down Ph v	يتعطل
Rally N	سباق سيارات
Yearly Adv	سنوياً

10	
Importantly Adv	بشکل مهم
set off Ph v	يبدأ رحلة
Spare Adj	احتياطي
Ahead Adv	للأمام
Mechanical Adj	آلي
Wonder V	يتساءل/يفكر
Silk N	حرير
Region N	منطقة
Trade V	يتاجر
Exchange V	يتبادل
Caravan N	قافلة
Decline V	ينحدر/يضعف
Track N	خط سکة حدید
Route N	طريق

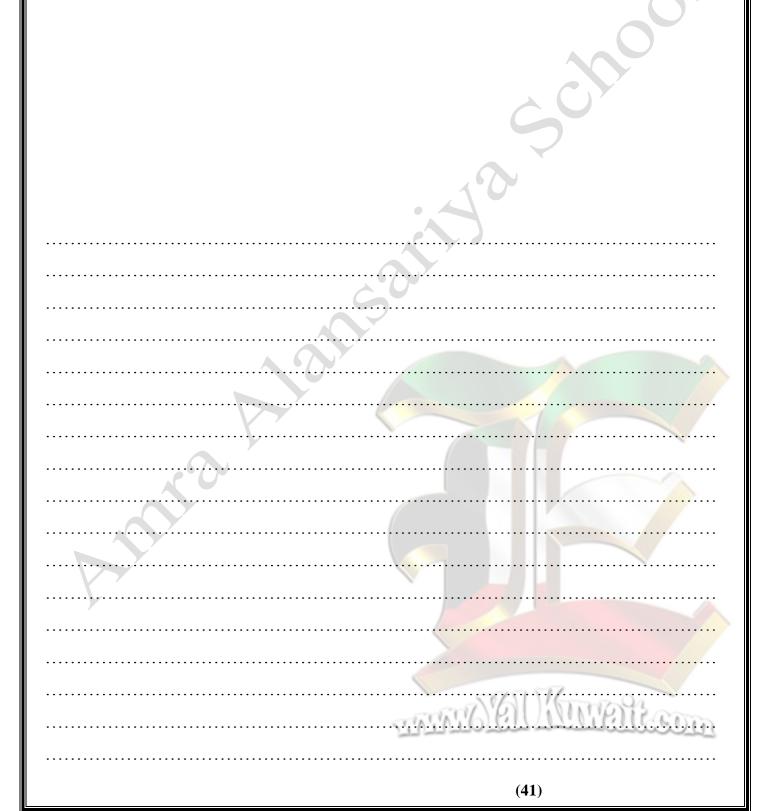


Writing

Travelling was very difficult and a long journey through the desert in the past. Write a report of 10-12 sentences to discuss ways and reasons for traveling in the past and the dangers of traveling through the deserts.

difficult - on foot - camels - trade - goods - exchange - silk - Asia - China. heat - cold - mountains - thieves - caravan - route

Plan	your	writing	here.



Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage, then answer the Questions below:

At a summer camp for students, the teacher of English is talking about daily routine. "Hello! Students! And welcome to Belmont Summer camp. I'd like to tell **you** something about our **daily** routine. Perhaps you would like to make some notes. Well, first of all, meal times. Breakfast is from 8 to 8.30, lunch is from 1 to 2, tea is from 4 to 5 and supper is from 7.30 to 8.30. After breakfast, we have English lessons from 10 to 11, every day. After that, you can get coffee and biscuits in the canteen. From 11.30 to lunch time, there are more English lessons. Then you are free for the rest of the day. You can go walking, go to the beach, read work or choose from what we have planned for you. Well, I think that's all for now. We all hope you enjoy your stay here. If you've got any question, please ask me. My name's Frank Jackson and you'll find me in room 3."

A) From a), b), c) and d) choose the correct answer:

11) 110m a), b), c) and	d) choose the cor	rect answer.	
1. The best title for the p	passage is "	"	
a) The canteen			b) Mr. Frank
c) Summer camp			d) English lessons
2. The underlined prono	oun " <u>you</u> " in line 3	refers to	
a) teachers	b) students	c) Mr. Frank	d) summer camps
3. The underlined word	" <u>daily</u> " in line 3 n	neans	
a) every year	b) every day	c) every week	d) e <mark>very</mark> summer
4. Belmont Summer car	np is		
a)their school.	b)their city	c) their camp	d) their teacher
B) Answer the following	ng questions:		
5. What time do the stud	lents have their lu		
6. Where can they have			
7. What is Mr. Frank tal		1/1000	67 Km1093
8. What other activities	they can practice (CHARTE CHICEOTT

(42)

Vocabulary

1) Fill in each space with the suitable words from the list: recover - yearly - escape - spare - silk - horizon 1. That boy had broken his arm but I think he will soon. 2. Women like to wear dresses that are made of 3. Look! The thief will from police. 4. I'm going to travel by car to Mecca so I'll take tires. 5. We would like to visit new places 2) Choose the correct word from a), b), c) and d): 6. The weather is very bad, and we are near a b) barrel c) marble d) whirlpool a) spare a) exchange b) float c) escape d) recover 8. This dog is dangerous, we should it carefully.

b) float

9. Let's take this to arrive fast. b) region

b) strict

10. That boy looks he had a bad dream

a) trade

a) horizon

a) terrified

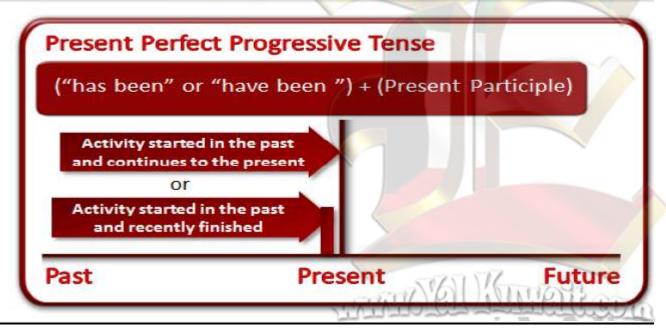
Grammar

c) tie

c) track

c) overboard

Present Perfect Continuous



d) pick

d) route

d) challenging

Examples:

e.g.: I have been working hard all day.

e.g.: Dana has been studying English for three years.

e.g.: They have been sleeping since yesterday.

Grammar

Question tags

+	-
Positive statement,	negative tag?
Snow is white,	isn't it?
-	+
Negative statement,	positive tag?
You don't like me,	do you?

e.g.: You are English, aren't you?

e.g.: You will help me, won't you?

e.g.: He *can't* drive yet, *can* he?

e.g.: They didn't do their work, did they?

3) Choose the correct answer from a), b), c) and d):

- 11.Maha studying all afternoon.
 - a) have been b) had been c) has been d) has
- 12. When I arrived the airport, the plane had sat
 - a) on b) at
- c) off
- d) in
- 13. The lesson is being now by our teacher.
 - a) explains b) explaining c) explain
- d) explained
- 14. They exchanged their goods,?
 - a) did they

- b) didn't they c) weren't they d) were they 15.I'm crying because I watching a sad film.
 - a) have been
- b) has been c) had been d) been

16.My mother cooked a delicious lunch.	(Add a tag question)
17.He received the letter two days ago.	(<u>Change into negative</u>
18. The journey took many months.	(<u>Ask a question</u>)
19.He couldn't lift the heavy box,?	
20.Bader likes to help others,?	(Add a tag question)
Language Functions	
Write what you would say in the following situations:	
21. Your father is very exhausted.	6
22. Your friend's car broke down in the street.	
23. You friend is going on a car rally.	
24. Someone says that travelling in the past was easy.	
Set Book Questions	
Answer the following questions:	
25. What is a whirlpool?	
26.Where can you see whirlpool?	
27. What will happen to a barrel on water?	
28. What should you do if you were exhausted?	
29. Explain the difference between a car race and a car rally.	
30.Imagine you are driving a car in a rally, what are the dang	vers you may face?
30.1111agine you are driving a car in a rany, what are the dails	gers you may race:
31. Why does a rally driver need mechanical skills?	
	11 Komoos
32.Traders faced many dangers in the Silk Road. Explain.	THE TANK THE COLUMN THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PART
	(45)
	(45)

33.Describe the caravan.	
34. Why did people use to travel in caravans?	
35. There were many exchanged goods in the pass	t. Mention three.
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(46)

<u>Unit 11</u>

Word	P.O.S	Meaning
Wealthy	adj	غني
Butler	n	كبير الخدم
Modest	adj	متواضع/معتدل
Dusty	adj	مترب
Affluent	adj	موسر/غن <i>ي</i>
Residence	n	مقر إقامة
Genuine	adj	حقيقي اطبيعي
Grimy	adj	وسنخ
Pleased	adj	سعيد
Trap	V	يحاصر
Content	adj	قانع/راضي
Humble	adj	متواضع/وضيع

		1
Word	P.O.S	Meaning
Fashion	n	موضة
Kimono	n	زی یابانی
Chopstick	n	عود أكل صيني
bullet train	n	قطار سريع
Raw	adj	ني/غير مطهو
Sushi	n	أكلة السوشي
oumo wrootling	n	مصارعة
sumo wrestling		السومو

Word	P.O.S	Meaning
happiness	n	سعادة
identify	V	يتعرف
spiritual	adj	روحاتي
reasonable	adj	معقول
serotonin	n	مكون في الدم
genetic	adj	وراثي/جيني
identical	adj	مطابق/مماثل
twins	n	توأم
flow	n	شرودذهن <i>ي</i>
community	n	مجتمع



Writing

Happiness is good for your health and it gives strong immune system.

Write a report of 12 sentences to discuss the importance of happiness and some tips of being happy.

/ immune system – society – recover – pleasure – positive – spiritual life /
/ family – friends – faith – enough money – healthy food – social life / Plan you writing here.
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Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage and then do as required below:

Pupils laughed at me in the school because I'm over weight. I love snack food and I will eat chips and crisps instead of a healthy meal. When I was younger, my mother used to make proper dinner but I would have chips instead. I have always been lazy and I spent my teenage years sitting in my bedroom, reading books and eating crisps. I even worked in a crisps factory for a year when I was eighteen.

As a result, within a year, I was 90 kg and very soon my weight became 101 kg. I got very depressed. My doctor put me on a diet but I couldn't stick to <u>it</u> because it was too difficult to follow. I have tried lots of other diets, but none of those has worked either. I know that being fit helps me to study better, to work and do the entire daily tasks better but I got tired and depressed. I turned to food for comfort, but now I decided to give up my bad habits in eating. I'll do exercises every day and eat healthy food.

A) Choose the cor	rect answer fro	<u>m a), b), c) and d):</u>	
1. The writer was u	nhappy because	she was	
a) fat	b) young	c) lazy	d) difficult
2. The underlined p	oronoun " <u>it</u> " in li	ne 8 refers to	
a) food	b) diet	c) work	d) school
3. The writer spent	her teenage year	S	
a) eating hea	althy meals	b) doing exercise	s
c) reading b	ooks	d) studying	
4. The best title for	the passage is ".		
a) School life	e b) Bad ha	abits c) Doctors	d) Healthy food
B) Answer the foll	owing questions	<u>s:</u>	
5. What did the mo	ther used to mak	e for her girl?	
6. Why is the write:	r depressed?		
7. Why was the wri	ter couldn't sticl	k to the diet?	
			NAT TOTAL
8. How was the wri	ter spend her tee	enage years?	10 CHATTHE COM

(54)

Vocabulary

1) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

reasonable - trapped - chopstick - twins - raw - flow

- 1. The Japanese use the to eat sushi.
- 2. The lion doesn't eat cooked meat; it eats meat.
- 3. My sister is pregnant of two babies; she's going to have
- 4. Look! The house is on fire and some people are inside it.

2)Choose the correct answers from a), b), c) and d):

- 5. That man has a lot of money, he looks very
 - a) wealthy
- b) dusty
- c) modest
- d) genuine
- 6. The White House in the USA is the official...... for the US president.
 - a) residenceb) paramedic
- c) butler
- d) fashion
- 7. She is wearing a dress with bright colours, it's the latest
 - a) fashion
- b) sushi
- c) happiness
- d) chopsticks

Grammar

Reported Speech

Direct	Reported
am, is	was
are	were
do, does	did
have , has	had
can	could
will	would
May	might
V ¹	V^2
V^2	$had + V^3$

my his / her We They us Them our Their	Direct	Reported
my his / her We They us Them our Their	I	he /she
We They us Them our Their	me	him / her
us Them our Their	my	his / her
our Their	We	They
	us	Them
You We / I	our	Their
100	You	We / I

Direct	Reported
now	Then
today	that day
yesterday	the day before
tomorrow	the next day
last night	the night before
ago	before
this	that
these	those
here	there



Grammar

Reported Questions



Change into reported speech:

1. "What are you going to do after school?"

My father wanted to know what I was going to do after school.

2. "Did you enjoy the class?"

She asked me if I had enjoyed the class.

3. "Do you have any questions about the lesson?"

The teacher <u>asked</u> me if I had any questions about the lesson.

4. "Can Ali solve this puzzle?

Dad asked if Ali could solve that puzzle.

- 3) Choose the correct answer from a), b), c) and d):
 - 8. Mona said that she shopping the day before.
 - a) had gone b) has gone c) goes
- d) going
- 9. She.....me why I was laughing.
 - a) said
- b) asked
- c) advised
- d) wondered
- 10. They wanted to know when he.....back.
 - a) has come
- b) will come
- c) would come
- d) will be coming

4) Do as shown between brackets:	
11.Ahmed said, "I bought a new jacket."	(<u>Reported speech</u>)
12. Sara said, "We are going to the sea tomorrow.	(<u>Reported speech</u>)
13.Thedoctor asked Salma, "Will you take the pills?	(<u>Reported speech)</u>
14. Ali asked me, "How did you hear about the job?	(<u>Reported speech</u>)
Language Functions 5) Write what you would say in the following situations:	
15 . Your brother says money is the most important thing	in life.
16. Your father doesn't know how to eat sushi.	5
17. Your friend says the real happiness is family and frien	ds.
Set Book Questions	
Answer the following questions::	
18- What makes you happy?	
19- How do you feel after helping people?	
20- Why do some people give up their money?	
21- What should wealthy people do to help poor people?	
22- What do Japanese women wear?	
23- What is the most popular meal in Japan?	
24- People in Japan are fond of playing different sports. Men	ation some.
25-Why is the "bullet train" called so?	al Kuratteon

26- Identify real happiness.	
27- Complete the following table:	
Elements of happiness	Sources of happiness
a	a
c	c
28- Being happy important for your health. Do	
29- Being happy is good for your society. Expl	
	The second secon

<u>Unit 12</u>

Word	P.O.S	Meaning
upset	adj	منزعج/قلق
mend	v	يصلح
knock	v	يقرع
wish	v	يتمنى
regret	n	ندم
organize	v	ينظم
complain	v	يشتكي
train	v	يدرب
luckily	adv	لحسنالحظ

Word	P.O.S	Meaning
mess	n	فوضى
pleasure	n	سرور/ ابتهاج
arrange	V	يرتب
enjoy	V	يستمتع
enough	adv	كافي
give up	Ph.v	يتوقف عن
tidy up	Ph.v	ينظم

Word	P.O.S	Meaning
friendship	n	صداقة
loyalty	n	الإخلاص/ الولاء
honest	adj	أمين
respect	n	احترام
clever	adj	نکي
cheerful	adj	مبتهج/ مرح
trustworthy	adj	جدير بالثقة
appreciate	v	يقدر قيمة/ يحترم
secret	n	سر
share	V	يشارك



Fill in the spaces with words from the list:
(appreciate - clever – honest – secrets –share)
1=A close couple should have no from each
-
other.
2= I that it's a difficult decision for you to
make.
3= He was so to solve the puzzle.
4= I'd like you to give me your opinion.
Fill in the spaces with words from the list:
(upset – given up – knock – mess – trained – Luckily)
1=, I could book my holiday tickets early.
2= I'm sorry for the I've just waked up.
3= Although our team well this time. It couldn't
win the match.
4= I wish I hadn't art. I really enjoyed it.
5= Don't get in the exam. You have studied hard.
Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:
6= Your visit gave your grandparents a great
o Tour visit gave jour grandparents a great
a)pleasure. b) twins. c)community d)secret
7= Do you think thatmoney can make you
happy?
a) trustworthy b) enough. c) clever. d) honest
8= People alwaysabout prices . a) train b) float c) share. d)complain
a) train b) Hoat c) snare. d)complain
9= My friend had an accident buthe wasn't
hurt badly.
a) identically. b)luckily. c)yearly d)overboard
10= Some people have their ownso they always feel sorry.
a) regrets b) flows, c)secrets, d)friendships

(65)

Writing



Composition

Success is not a matter of luck. It needs hard work and great effort .Write a report of (12 sentences) about successful people, what distinguishes them from the other people and the effect of success on life.

Guide words that may help you:

responsibility / planning / goals / determine / achieving results happy / develop country/ example / wisdom and support

Outline

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 alah ining terminah dari dari dari dari dari dari dari dari
 (66)

Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage and then do as required below:

A very long time ago Kuwaiti people had depended on the sea before discovering oil. The sea was the most important thing for them. They used to dive for getting shells where they could find pearls in some of them. Also they used to go for long fishing journeys. The old Kuwaitis used wood for building their houses. The houses mainly built from sand, mud and wood. There was no electricity so they used candles to light their houses. Old Kuwait was very small so people didn't need cars to move from a place to another. They used to visit their relatives much more than they do now. Children didn't go to school; they used to go to Al-Motowa who used to teach them Quran. Nowadays Kuwait has become a modern country. It has tall modern buildings, many big malls, schools, factories and wonderful places to visit. The Kuwaiti people use the most recent cars, live in modern houses. Also they use the modern inventions everywhere. It has changed and became an industrial and commercial country.

A) Choose the correct answer from a), b), c) and d): 1. People used to find pearls in the c) malls a) Schools b) shells d) oil 2. The underlined pronoun "**They**" in line 2 refers to b) buildings c) houses a) Kuwaitis d) shells 3. They used to light their houses in the past. d) journeys a) Tall buildings b) recent cars c) candles 4. The best title for the passage is "....." a) Kuwaiti people b) Life in Kuwait c) Kuwait nowadays d) Industrial country B) Answer the following questions: 5. How did the old Kuwaitis build their houses? 6. What was the most important thing for Kuwaiti people in the past? 7. Describe Kuwait nowadays? 8. Where did children learn in the past?

Vocabulary

1) Fill in the space	<u>ces with words fro</u>	m the list:		
			king – mend – friendship	
1- That chair is broken but I can it.				
2- I like that sofa but I can't buy it because I don't have money.				
3- You should be		; don't tell li	ies.	
4- I think someon	e is	on the d	door.	,
2) Choose the correct answers from a), b), c) and d):				
5- The real friend	is the one who kee	ps your		
a) secret	b) mess	c) train	d) wish	
6- You should	fe	or the trip to E	Bahrain.	
a) mend	b) regret	c) organize	d) knock	
7- To be a pilot, y	ou should	h	now to fly a plane.	
a) share	b) trap	c) enjoy	d) train	
		Grammar	<u>r</u>	
	rrect answer from			
8- Your brother sr	mokes too much, he	e should give.	smoking.	
a) on	b) up	c) at	d) in	
9- If it	me, I would	have waited f	for her.	
a) had been b) wa	as c) were	d) is		
10- If Reem had o	organized her work,	, she	earlier.	
a) will finishb) wo	ouldn't finish c) w	ould finish d)) would have finished	
11- It rained heav	ily. I wish I		an umbrella.	
a) can bring	b) had brought	c) brought	d) brings	
4) Correct the ve	erbs between brack	kets:		
12.If Fatima had s	spoken English, she	e (travel)	to London.	
13. I wish I (drive	e)	slower, I	I wouldn't have had an accident.	
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		(malan)		page 1

Third conditional (If)

1=Use if + past perfect + would/wouldn't have + past participle to talk about imaginary situations in the past.

Ex: If I had seen the accident, I would have phoned for help.

2= Use if it had been me + would / wouldn't have + past participle to talk about what we would have done in a similar situation.

Ex: If it had been me, I would have told the teacher I didn't understand the question.

Wish + Past Perfect

Use: I wish + past perfect to talk about past situations that you wish had been different.

Ex: I wish I had studied more languages at school,

Ex: I wish I had known that you were ill- I would have come to see you.

conditional (If)

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Wish + Past Perfect

Use: I wish + past perfect to talk about past situations that you wish had been different.

Ex: I wish I had studied more languages at school.

Ex: I wish I had known that you were ill- I would have come to see you.



Choose the best answer from Choose the best answer from a ,b c and d:
1) If you had studied hard, youthe full mark.
a) will get b) would get c) would have got d) got
2) I wish I a map with us.
a) bring b) brought c) had brought d)will bring
3) If he had paid a bit more , Iit to him
a) will sell b) would sell c) would have sold d) sold
4) I wish I slower, I wouldn't have had an accident.
a) had driven b) drove c) driving d) would drive
Correct the verbs between brackets:
1) If you had been more careful, this (not happen)
2) You can leave the class after the bell (ring)
3) I wish I had had the chance, I (go) on a trip round the world.
4) It would be a good idea, if you (get)your eye tested.
5) If you (come)on time, I wouldn't have been angry .
6) While I (look for) some references, I fell off the ladder.
7) He (buy)a new car if he had got the reward
8) If they (go) to London, they would have meet Sami there
Correct the verbs between brackets:
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8) If they (go) to London, they would have meet Sami there



Language Functions

5) Write what you would say in the following situations:
14. Your friend passed all her exams with great marks.
15. You broke your sister s new watch.
16.A friend of yours says, "I don't have many friends."
Set Book Questions
Answer the following questions:
17- In your opinion, what makes you upset?
10. W/L - 4 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
18- What should you do before you enter your class?
10 XVI . 11 1 10 1 10 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
19- What would you do if you saw a house on fire?
20- What's your biggest regret?
21- What are your wishes for future?
22- You should prepare well before travelling. <u>Explain your plan</u> .
23- A friend in need is a friend indeed. Explain.
24- What is the true meaning of friendship?
25- What should you do to keep your friends?
26- In your opinion, which quality is the most important thing in friendship?
(71)