

Unit 7

المبني للمجهول Passive

Huda	eats	Pizza
فاعل	فعل	مفعول

* لتحويل جملة للمجهول تأتي بـ :

1- المفعول

2- is / are

3- التصريف الثالث

Huda eats Pizza.

1 2 3

Pizza is eaten by Huda.

Nasser buys a car.

1 2 3

A car is bought.

Nada sees the films every day.

1 2 3

The films are seen every day.

EX. Choose the correct answer :

Every thing **(does - is done –are done)** in a good way at home . The dishes **(is cleaned – are cleaned - cleaned)** well . Food **(are cooked – is cooked- cooks)** and served nicely. The babies **(fed –are fed – is fed)** with some delicious food.

Change into passive:

1. Hind cooks the food.

.....

2. Salim watches a film.

.....

3. Huda washes the dishes.

.....

4. The boys play games.

.....

Sequencing Words

I had a nice day yesterday. First, I got up very early. Next , I had a delicious breakfast with my family. Then, we went to Al-Khiran where we met our friends. After that , we Played many games together. Finally , we came back home very tired , but happy . Dad promised to go there again.

Choose the correct answer from a , b ,c and d:

I do many activities after school. (**First - After that - Finally**) , I go for my English course in the training centre next to my house. (**Then - First - Finally**) , I come back home to surf the net. (**Then - After that - Finally**) , I try to finish my homework. (**After that - Then - Finally**) , I go to bed early to get up early for school.

Unit 8

will / won't / might / could

- | | | |
|----------|-----------------------|---|
| 1- will | سوف (أكيد) | = I will meet you tomorrow. |
| 2- won't | سوف لا (أكيد) | = I won't play in the street. |
| 3- might | ربما (احتمال) | = It's cloudy. It might rain. |
| 4- could | من الممكن (إمكانية) | = He studies hard. He could pass the exam. |

Used for

used for —————> يستعمل في (فعل + ing)

A knife is used for cutting meat.

Correct:

- 1- A racket is used for (play)tennis.
- 2- A camera is used for (take)photos.
- 3- Goggles are used for (swim)in the sea.

Choose the correct answers:

Tomorrow , we travel (**will – could – might**) to Bahrain with my father on business . We (**couldn't – won't – might not**) go by car because my father can't drive for long distances. My mother (**might – will - could**) visit her old friend whom she missed so much . I don't know if my father (**could – might – will**) take us in a tour in the place as he is really busy.

Grade 6 Grammar

Choose the correct answers:

Tomorrow is Friday. I (**will - won't - could**) go to school. I (**will – might - could**) go shopping with my mum because I like shopping. I could (**buy - buys - buying**) goggles. They are used for (**swim – swam - swimming**).

Unit 9

Past Simple الماضي البسيط

= يتكون الماضي البسيط من التصريف الثاني:

I **played** football yesterday.

My mother **cleaned** the house last week.

We **went** to the zoo two days ago.

Life **was** easy in the past.

= يأتي الماضي البسيط مع:

yesterday	أمس	last...	الماضي...
ago	منذ	In the past	في الماضي

Choose the correct answer:

I spent a nice time last Summer holiday. I (**travel - travelled -am travelling**) to London with my family. We (**go - went - goes**) there by plane. We (**stayed – stay – staying**) in an expensive hotel. We (**visits - visited - visit**) many interesting places there.

السؤال المذيل Tag Question

* يأتي السؤال القصير في نهاية الجملة بمعنى (أليس كذلك؟) ويتكون من:

1- فعل مساعد.

2- n't إذا لم توجد بالجملة.

3- ننتهي كما نبدأ.

1. You are from Kuwait, aren't you?
2. She is a doctor, isn't she?
3. Kuwait is very modern, isn't it?
4. Our father isn't a farmer, is he?

إذا لم يوجد فعل مساعد نأتي بـ: *

don't إذا كان الفعل مضارع

doesn't إذا كان الفعل مضارع به

didn't إذا كان الفعل ماضي

Grade 6 Grammar

1. You like fish, don't you?
2. Ali speaks English well, doesn't he?
3. Mona travelled to Qatar, didn't she?

= am – is – are – was – were – can – could – will – would – shall – should – have – has – had –

الأفعال المساعدة must....

Add question tags:

1. We can swim, ?
2. They will travel to Qatar,?
3. Our teacher wasn't at school,?
4. The picture is on the wall,?
5. Majid would like to be a teacher, ?
6. We love our country,?
7. Ahmed looks smart,?
8. Aya went to the club,?

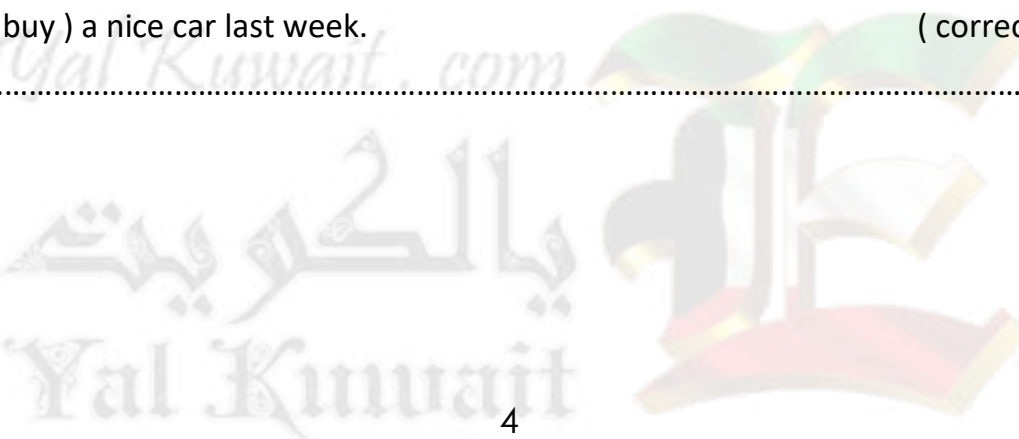
Choose the correct answer:

- 1- You are from Kuwait,?
a- are you b- aren't you c- is not he d- you are
- 2- The teacher was not at school yesterday,?
a- was he b- were they c- wasn't he d- he was
- 3- Kuwait is very modern,.....?
a- it is b- isn't it c- is it d- it is not

Do as shown in brackets:

- 4- The boy is playing tennis now,? (Tag question)
- 5- Ahmed watched a nice film yesterday. (negative)

-
- 14- He (buy) a nice car last week. (correct)
-



Unit 10

* نضيف للفعل ing بعد:

good at / look forward to / like...

- 1- I'm good at (**play – playing – plays**) volleyball.
- 2- We are good at (**speak – speaking – speaks**) English,
- 3- I'm looking forward to (**meet – met – meeting**) our friends.
- 4- My sister likes (**read – reads – reading**) scary stories.

.....
*** تستخدم (am / is / are + going to + verb)**

للتعبير عن شيء سوف يحدث في المستقبل:

- I am going to watch a film tonight.
He is going to buy football shoes tomorrow.
They are going to have an exam next week.

Choose the correct answer:

Tomorrow, all the students in my class (**are going to - is going to - am going to**) have a team work making a poster about saving water. I (**are going to - is going to - am going to**) get the pens, colours and papers. My friend Dana (**are going to - is going to - am going to**) write the title on the poster. We (**are going to - is going to - am going to**) surf the net to get the information about the topic.

Choose the correct answer:

Yesterday ,my friend (**is - are - was**) ill so I (**am going to – is going to – going to**) visit her tomorrow. I'm going to (**buy – bought – buying**) her some flowers. She (**is - am - are**) going to be happy.

Choose the correct answer:

My friend is good (**in - at - on**) reading stories. She is also good at (**writing – write – writes**) short stories. She looks forward to (**be – is – being**) a writer.

Grade 6 Grammar

Do as shown between Brackets:

1-I'm going to have a holiday next Monday.

(correct)

2- Ali is going to eat another apple.

(Negative)

3-The old men are going to walk to the garden.

(Make a question)

4-My father is going to travel to Dubai tomorrow .

(Make a question)

Unit 11

The adjectives الصفات

1- صفات قصيرة:

big x small	thin x fat	short x tall
* Ali is tall.	عند وصف شخص تأتي بالصفة كما هي.	*
** Ali is <u>taller than</u> Salim.	عند المقارنة بين اثنين تأتي بـ er than بعد الصفة.	**
*** Ali is <u>the tallest</u> boy.	عند تفضيل واحد على مجموعة تأتي بـ the قبل الصفة و est بعدها.	***

2- صفات طويلة:

beautiful	interesting	wonderful	delicious
* Maha is beautiful	عند وصف شخص تأتي بالصفة كما هي.	*	
** Maha is <u>more</u> beautiful <u>than</u> Huda.	عند المقارنة بين اثنين تأتي بـ more قبل الصفة و than بعدها.	**	
*** Maha is <u>the most</u> beautiful girl.	عند تفضيل واحد على مجموعة تأتي بـ the most قبل الصفة.	***	

* good

** better than

*** the best

* Sami is good.

** Ahmed is better than Sami.

*** Ali is the best boy.

Grade 6 Grammar

Choose:

1. Huda is (fat – fatter – fattest) than Mona.
2. English is the (easy – easier – easiest) subject.
3. Marwa is (good – better – best) than Nora.
4. The elephant is the (big – bigger – biggest) animal.
5. Maths is (difficult – more difficult – most difficult) than Arabic.
6. This is the (wonderful – more wonderful – most wonderful) film I have ever seen.

Choose the correct answers:

My school is a (nice – nicer – nicest) place where I can learn and meet my friends. It is one of the (bigger – big – biggest) schools in the area. My friend Sara is one of the (good – best – better) handball players at the school team. Although she is (shorter than – short – the shortest) me, she knows very well how to score goals.

Choose the correct answer :

Huda is my best friend. She is (younger – young – youngest) than me. But, she is (tall - taller - tallest) than me. We like Arabic which is the (easy – easiest – easier) subject.

نقوم بإعطاء التعليمات باستخدام فعل الأمر (Imperative) :

(Turn right – Turn left – Go straight on)

Do as shown in brackets:

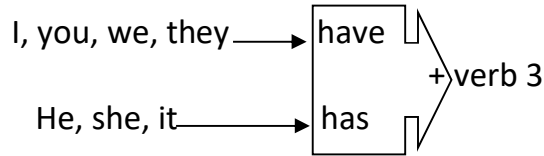
5- Ali is (tall) than Ahmad. (correct)

6- The nearest supermarket is next to the hospital. (ask a question)

7- Jahra is the (large) city in Kuwait. (correct)

Unit 12

المضارع التام Present perfect



* يتكون المضارع التام من:

* يأتي المضارع التام مع:

since	منذ	for	لمدة	just	حالا
already	من قبل	not....yet	ليس...بعد	ever	ذات مرة

- تستخدم already مع المضارع التام في الإثبات

I have **already** been to Dubai.

- تستخدم yet مع المضارع التام في النفي و السؤال

I haven't been to England **yet**.Have you been to Dubai **yet**?**Choose the correct answers:**

My mother (**invited - inviting – invites**) many guests to a weekend gathering at our home yesterday. My sister told me to help my mother in the kichen, but I (**have - am - has**) already helped her . We finished cooking , but we (**hasn't - haven't – aren't**) made the cake yet. All the guests came except my friend Salma who hasn't come (**already - yet - never**).

Do as shown between brackets :

1- My sister(already send) me a nice postcard. (correct the verb)

2- Hassan has already bought a new Ipad. (Make negative)

3- Leila has already cooked the lunch. (Make negative)

Yal Kuwait . com

يا الكويتية
Yal Kuwait