

Unit 7Passive المبنى للمجهول

Ali eats an apple

فاعل فعل مفعول

\*لتحويل جملة للمجهول نأتي بـ :

1- المفعول

is / are -2

3- التصريف الثالث

Ali eats an apple.

1 2 3

An apple is eaten by Ali.Nasser buys a car.

1 2 3

A car is bought.Nada sees the films every day.**EX. Choose the correct answer :**

Every thing (does - is done –are done ) in a good way at home . The dishes (is cleaned – are cleaned - cleaned ) well . Food (are cooked – is cooked- cooks ) and served nicely. The babies ( fed –are fed – is fed) with some delicious food.

**Change into passive:**

1. Hind cooks the food.

.....

2. Salim watches a film.

.....

3. Huda washes the dishes.

.....

## Unit 8

### will / won't / might / could + **فعل في المصدر بدون اضافات**

1. will سوف (أكيد) = I **will** meet you tomorrow.
2. won't سوف لا (أكيد) = I **won't** play in the street.
3. might ربما (احتمال) = It's cloudy. It **might** rain.
4. could من الممكن (إمكانية) = He studies hard. He **could** pass the exam.

### Used for

used for ————— يستعمل في (فعل + ing)

A knife is **used for cutting** meat.

### Correct:

1. A racket is used for (play) .....tennis.
2. A camera is used for (take) .....photos.
3. Goggles are used for (swim) .....in the sea.

### Choose the correct answers:

Tomorrow , we ..... (will – could – might) travel to Bahrain with my father on business . We ..... ( couldn't – won't – might not ) go by car because my father can't drive for long distances. My mother ..... (might – will - could ) visit her old friend whom she missed so much . I 'm not sure my father ..... (won't – might – will ) take us in a tour in the place.

### Choose the correct answers:

Tomorrow is a holiday. I ( will - won't - could ) go to school. I'm sure I ( will – might - could ) go shopping with my mum. I might ( buy - buys - buying ) a new camera. It's used for ( take – takes - taking ) photos .

1- He will travel to Dubai next week. ( Ask)

2- I will help you in the project tomorrow. ( Negate)

## Unit 9

### الماضي البسيط Past Simple

= يتكون الماضي البسيط من التصريف الثاني:

*I played football yesterday*

*My mother cleaned the house last week*

*We went to the zoo two days ago*

*Life was easy in the past*

= يأتي الماضي البسيط مع:

yesterday	أمس	last...	الماضي...
ago	منذ	In the past	في الماضي

#### EX. Choose the correct answer:

*I spent a nice time last Summer holiday. I (travel - travelled -am travelling) to London with my family. We (go - went - goes ) there by plane. We (stayed – stay – staying) in an expensive hotel. We (visits - visited - visit ) many interesting places there.*

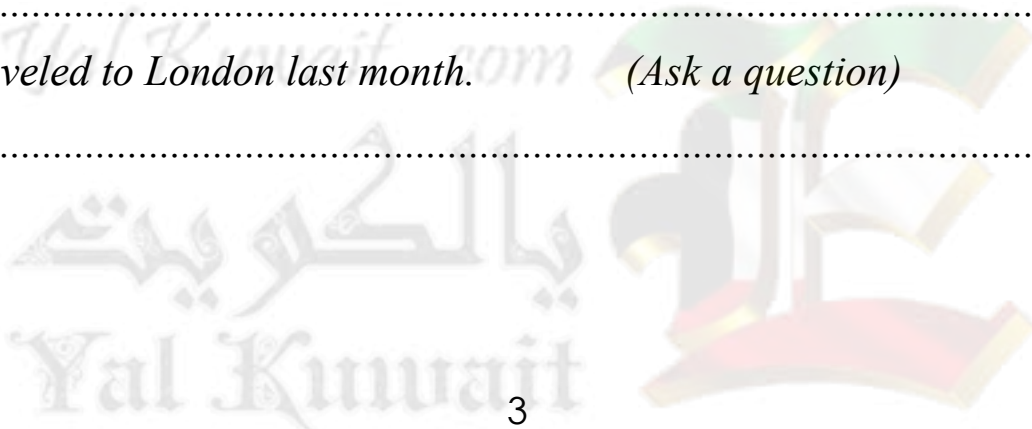
#### Do as shown between brackets:

1. My mother cooked fish yesterday. (Make negative)

2. Ali bought a new iPad two days ago. (Ask a question)

3. Omar traveled to London last month. (Make negative)

4. Omar traveled to London last month. (Ask a question)



## السؤال المذيل Tag Question

\* يأتي السؤال القصير في نهاية الجملة بمعنى (أليس كذلك؟) ويتكون من:  
1- فعل مساعد.

2- *n't* إذا لم توجد بالجملة.

3- ننتهي كما نبدأ.

1. *You are from Kuwait, aren't you?*
2. *She is a doctor, isn't she?*
1. *You like fish, don't you?*
2. *Ali speaks English well, doesn't he?*
3. *Mona travelled to Qatar, didn't she?*

### Add question tags:

1. *We can swim, ..... ?*
2. *They will travel to Qatar, .....?*
3. *Our teacher wasn't at school, .....?*
4. *The picture is on the wall, .....?*
5. *Omar would like to be a doctor, ..... ?*
6. *We love our country, .....?*
7. *Ahmed looks smart, .....?*
8. *Aya went to the club, .....?*

### Do as shown in brackets:

4. *The boy is playing tennis now, .....? ( Tag question )*
5. *Ahmed watched a nice film yesterday. ( negative )*

14- *He ( buy ) a nice car last week. .... ( correct )*

**good at / look forward to / like...**

**Choose the correct answer:**

My sister is good ( *in - at - on* ) painting. She likes ( *draw - drawing - draws* ) nice pictures. She is also good at ( *reading - reads - read* ) English stories. She looks forward to ( *be - is - being* ) an artist.

.....  
\* تستخدم ( *am / is / are + going to + verb* )

للتعبير عن شيء سوف يحدث في المستقبل:

*I am going to watch a film tonight.*

*He is going to buy football shoes tomorrow.*

*They are going to have an exam next week.*

**Choose the correct answer:**

Yesterday ,my friend ( *is - are - was* ) ill so I ( *am going to - is going to - going to* ) visit her tomorrow. I'm going to ( *buy - bought - buying* ) her some flowers. She ( *is - am - are* ) going to be happy.

**Do as shown between Brackets:**

1-I'm going to have a holiday next Monday. ( Ask )

2- Ali is going to eat another apple. ( Negative )

3-The old men are going to walk in the garden. ( Ask )

4-My father is going to travel to Dubai tomorrow . ( Ask )



## Unit 11

### The adjectives الصفات

* Ali is tall.	* عند وصف شخص نأتي بالصفة كما هي.
** Ali is taller <b>than</b> Salim.	** عند المقارنة بين اثنين نأتي بـ er than بعد الصفة.
*** Ali is <b>the tallest</b> boy.	*** عند تفضيل واحد على مجموعة نأتي بـ the قبل الصفة و بعدها.

good

\*\* better than

\*\*\* the best

. \*Sami is good.

\*\* Ahmed is better than Sami.

\*\*\* Ali is **the best** boy

#### Choose the correct answers

My school is a (nice – nicer – nicest) place where I can learn and meet my friends. It is one of the (bigger – big – biggest) schools in the area. My friend Sara is one of the (good – best – better) handball players at the school team. Although she is (shorter than – short – the shortest) me, she knows very well how to score goals.

#### Choose the correct answer :

Sara is my best friend. I'm (older – old – oldest) than her. But, she is (tall - taller - tallest) than me. She likes English. She thinks it's the (easy – easiest – easier) subject. She is the (clever – cleverest – cleverer) one of my friends.

نقوم بإعطاء التعليمات باستخدام فعل الأمر ( Imperative ) :  
( Turn right – Turn left – Go straight on )

#### Do as shown in brackets:

5. Ali is ( tall ) than Ahmad.

( correct )

6. The nearest supermarket is next to the hospital.

( ask a question )

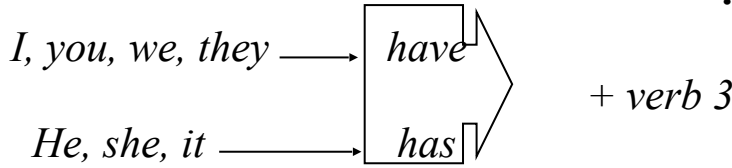
7. Jahra is the ( large ) city in Kuwait.

( correct )

## Unit 12

### المضارع التام Present perfect

\* يتكون المضارع التام من:



\* يأتي المضارع التام مع:

already	فعلا / تماما	not....yet	ليس...بعد
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- تستخدم *already* مع المضارع التام في الإثبات

I have already been to Dubai.

- تستخدم *yet* مع المضارع التام في النفي و السؤال

I haven't been to England yet.

Have you been to Dubai yet?

### Choose the correct answers:

My mother ( *invited - inviting - invites* ) many guests to a weekend gathering at our home yesterday. My sister told me to help my mother in the kitchen , but I ( *have - am - has* ) already helped her . We finished cooking , but we ( *hasn't - haven't - aren't* ) made the cake yet. All the guests came except my friend Salma who hasn't come ( *already - yet - never* ).

Our Science teacher asked us to do a project about water. I ( *have - has - is* ) already finished my project. My friend Sara ( *has - hasn't - haven't* ) done it yet. My teacher hasn't seen it ( *already - yet - since* ) .My father has ( *help- helped - helping* ) me to finish on time.

### Do as shown between brackets :

1- My sister( *already send* ) me a nice postcard. ( *correct the verb* )

2- Hassan has already bought a new Ipad. ( *Make negative* )

3- We have already cooked the lunch. ( *Make negative* )