Mini Dazzling



Grade 10

HHHD 2018-2019

Second Term Final Revision

منطقة حولي التعليمية

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قسم اللغة الإنجليزية

HOD

أ. هشام السخاوي

_		Ť	υ
ی بی	Word		Meaning
1	Crude oil	n.	نفط خام
1	Entirely	adv.	كليا
1	Finite	adj.	منتهي _ محدو د
1	Fossil fuel	n.	الوقود الحفري
1	Fractional distill	ation <i>n.</i>	التقطير الجزئي
1	Polymer	n.	مركب كيميائي
1	Refining	n.	تكرير تنقية
3	Invisible	adj.	غیر مرئی
3	Megawatt	n.	وحدة قياس القدرة
3	Spoil	ν.	يفسد
3	Resolve	ν.	يحل مشكلة
4	Last	ν.	يستمر
4	Breakdown	n.	انهيار
5	Actually	adv.	حقا فعلا
5	Appliance	n.	جهاز
5	Strong	adj.	قو <i>ي</i>
5	Motoring	n.	قيادة السيار ات
5	Generate	ν.	يولد طاقة

ئــ	Word		Meaning
7	Government	n.	كومة
7	Hazardous	adj.	لير
7	Self-employed	adj.	ل لحسابه الشخصي
7	Smog	n.	يج من ضباب و دخان
7	Procure	ν.	صل علي شيء
7	Congestion	п.	حام اكتظاظ
7	Consult	ν.	شير
7	Asthma	n.	ـة
8	Squander	ν.	د يسر ف يبذر
8	Recently	adv.	خرا
8	Irreversible	adj.	هاية له ـ لا يلغي
8	End up with	Ph v.	ہيب
8	Motorist	п.	. السيار ة
8	Diminish	ν.)۔ يضعف
8	waste	п.	ات

-	Word		Meaning	_	Word	ı	Meaning
	Contact lens	n.	العدسة اللاصقة	3	Suspension (\	WB) n	داة تحمل عجلات العربة
	Cure-all	n.	علاج لكل الأمراض	3	Windscreen w	vipers n	اسحات زجاج أمامية
	Currently a	dv.	حاليا	5	Bifocal	adj.	نائي البؤرة
	Draw	v.	يسحب	5	Frequent	adj.	
	Gold-coated	adj.	مغطى أو مطلي بالذهب	5	Instigate	v.	حرّضٌ على القيام بعمل ما
	Innovate	ν.	ييدع۔ ييتكر	5	Legible	adj.	اضح
	Instantly	adv.	فوراً – عالاً	5	Obedient	adj.	طيع
	Latest a	ıdj.	آخر – أحدث	5	Patient	adj.	سبور
	Micro-robot	n.	آلي صغير	5	Reputation	n.	سعة
	Nanoshell	n.	شريحة تزرع بالجسم لمقاومة مرض	5	Software	n.	برامج الكمبيوتر
17.00	Satnav	n.	الملاخة عن طريق الأقمار الصناعية	5	Spot	n.	نّعة ـ مكان
1	Shock	п.	صدمة	8	Anniversary	n.	ذكرى السنوية
	Sophisticated	adj.	متطور	8	Heart rate	n.	عدّل نبضات القلب
1	Tumour	n.	ورم	8	Recharge	n.	ىيدْ شحن
	Bio-fuel (W B)	n.	الوقود الحيوي	8	Remind	n.	نگرْ شخص آ خر
†	Implement(WB)	ν.	ينجز – يحقق – ينفذ	8	Terminal	n.	نهاز بالكمبيوتر لعرض البيانات
1	Obstacle(WB)	n.	عقبة – عائق	8	Torso	n.	جذع الانسان أو التمثال
1	Outlandish (WB)	adj.	غريب غير مألوف	8	Wearer	n.	شخص الذي يرتدي ملابس
1	transmit	٧.	M 2/	8	Trespass	v.	نتهك حق \ دخل بدون إذن
	Y	al	Kun	اع۱	rit 3		



	Uni	it 9	
Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
Accounting n.	محاسبة	Shipping n.	الشحن
Affluent adj.	غني	Spur v.	يحفز _يحث على العمل
Auction n.	المزاد	Success n.	النجاح
Barter v.	يقايض	Tax n.	ضريبة
Billionaire (WB) n.	بليونير	Tax return (WB) n.	تصريح ضريبة
Charitable (W B) adj	الخيري	Tea n.	شاي
Chess n.	لعبة الشطرنج	Transaction n.	صفقة
Complimentary adj	مجّاني	Wealthy adj.	غني
Confidentiality n.	سريّة	Investment n.	الإستثمار
Economics n.	الإقتصاد	Loan n.	فرض
Evil <i>adj.</i>	شرّير _ر د <i>يء</i> _ذميم	Login n.	الإتَّصال
Extinct adj.	منقر ض	Management n.	الإدارة
Generosity n.	الكرم	Market n.	سوق
Gross v.	یکسب	Move v.	ينتقل _يترك السكن أو العمل
Inherit (WB) v.	یرث	On the coast adj.	على الشاطىء
Insurance n.	التأمين	Philanthropic adj.	المحب للخير _انساني
In this sense expr.	بهذا المعنى	Port n.	ميناء
Invest v.	يستثمر	Profit n.	ربح _نفع _فائدة

Word	Ý	Meaning	Word	Meaning
Composure	(N)	رباطة الجأش	Border (N)	حدود بين الدول
Constancy	(N)	وفاء - إخلاص	drop off (V)	يوصل شخص
enjoin(v)		يأمر – يفرض	pick up (V)	يحضر شخص من مكان
Gratefulness	(N)	امتنان – شکر	Register (V)	يسجل
Injustice	(N)	الظلم	re-load (V)	يعيد تحميل
Insolence	(N)	غطرسة – عجرفة	set off (V)	ينطلق – يبدأ
self-restraint	(N)	ضبط النفس	Smuggle (V)	يهرب بضائع
chuckle	(V)	يضحك بصوت خافت	Sudden (Adj)	مفاجىء
Firmly	(Adv)	بقوة – بشدة	touch down (V)	تمبط
fleet	(N)	أسطول	turn up (V)	يصل
Retire	(V)	يتقاعد	knock off (Ph. v.)	يقع \ يسقط
Crazily	(Adv)	بشدة \ بجنون	monotonous (Adj.)	مل معل
dreadful	(Adj.)	سيء جدا	overtake (V)	يتجاوز √ يتخطى
emotive	(Adj.)	انفعالي \ مثير للعواطف	recuperate (V)	يتعاقى \ يسترد صحته
	200		stacks of (N)	أكوام من
		<i></i>		

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		Uni	it 11		
Wo	Word Me		Meaning Word		Meaning
asap ((expression)	بأسرع ما يمكن	activate	(v)	ينشط – يفعل
colleague	(n)	زميل العمل	Band	(n)	موجة الراديو – تردد
current	(n)	تيار	conference ca	ll (n)	المكالمة الجماعية
impromptu	(adj)	مرتجل – عفوي	deadline	(n)	الموعد النهائي -آخر موعد
rearrange	(v)	يعيد ترتيب	flash	(v)	يومض- يضيء
starvation	(n)	الموت جوعا- مجاعة	frequency	(n)	تردد
unreliable	(adj)	غير موثوق به	handy	(adj.)	سهل – ملائم – مفید
urgent	(adj)	عاجل - ضروري- ملح	harmony	(n)	انسجام — وثام
well-sealed	(adj)	محكم الغلق	hassle	(n)	صعوبة — عقبة — إزعاج
fasten	(v)	يربط – يثبت بإحكام	portable	(adj.)	محمول – سهل الحمل
homing	(adj.)	معرفة طريق العودة للديار	slide	(v)	ينزلق
Illegally	(adv)	بصورة غير شرعية	unlock	(v)	يفتح
instinct	(n)	غريزة	upgrade	(v)	يطور
alarm	(v)	يقلق _يخيف	tutor	(n)	معلم خصوصي
answer phone	e (n)	جهاز الرد الألي	ring	(n)	جرس الهاتف – رنين
briefly	(adv)	بإيجاز – لمدة وجيزة	tone	(n)	نغمة
confident	(adj)	و اثق	next of kin	(n)	أقرب الأقارب

		Un	it 12			
Word		Meaning	Word		Meaning	
aviation	n.	الطيران	altitude n.		الارتفاع	
coincide with	ν.	يتزامن مع	aviate	v.	يقود طائرة	
exemplary	adj.	نموذجي ــ مثالي	baby carriage	п.	عربة الطفل	
gliding	n.	الطيران الشراعي	buzzing	adj.	طنان – دنان	
instructor	п.	معثم ــ مدرب	control	n.	جهاز أو مفتاح التحكم	
intensely	adv.	بحدّة _ بجدية _ بكثافة	copilot	n.	مساعد الطيار	
notably	adv.	علي وجه الخصوص	custom-built	adj.	مصنوع بناء على طلب الزبون	
Biplane	п.	الطائرة ذات الجناحين	endeavour	ν.	یسعی ۱ یحاول	
landmark	n.	علامة بارزة	eyewitness	n.	شاهد عيان	
Plague	ν.	يزعج \ يعترض طريق	fog	n.	ضباب	
prejudicial	adj.	ضار	headline	n.	عنوان رئيسي	
Rusty	a <i>dj</i> .	صديء \ مطلي بالصدأ	incident	n.	حدث	
transcontinental	adj.	عبر القارات	radar	n.	رادار	
acclaimed	adj.	مَمْدُوح _ مبجل _ محترم	velocity	n.	السرعة	
attendant	n.	مضيفة طيران	voice activated	adj.	مُنشَط صوت _ جهاز يعمل بالصوت	
cabin	n.	قمرة الركاب	expression	n.	أسلوب التعبير <u>- تعابير الوجه</u>	
confrontational	adj.	قادر على الموجهة	mumble	ν.	يتمتم	
corporation	n.	شركة اومجموعة شركات مساهمة	resemble	ν.	يشبه	
courteously	adv.	بدُب \ بلطف \ بلباقة	stern	adj.	عابس _ صارم _ متجهم	
stunned	adj.	مذهول ــ مندهش				

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Grade 10 Persuasive Writing Topics (Unit 7) 61p. –SB WB – p.57

Plan and write an essay of 12 sentences (140 words), persuading your friend about the importance of saving energy and the necessity of investing in new technologies to provide energy.

(Unit 8) WB - p.63

Plan and write an essay of 12 sentences (140 words), convincing your friends about how future technology will affect the way we travel and its positive influence on the environment.

(Unit 9) SB - p.73 WB - p.69

Plan and write an essay of 12 sentences (140 words), persuading your friend with the importance of money in the modern world. 'Money isn't an end'.

(Unit 10) SB - p.83

Plan and write an essay of 12 sentences (140 words), persuading your friends about the importance of parent's role in children's life.

WB - p.81

Plan and write an essay of 12 sentences (140 words), persuading your friend to value the importance and the benefits of reading.

(Unit 11) S.B - p.89

Plan and write an essay of 12 sentences (140 words), persuading your friend to value importance of modern means of communication nowadays, the different ways of sending messages now and why communication via the internet is preferable to other ways of communication by people.

W.B - p.87

Plan and write an essay of 12 sentences (140 words), persuading your friend to agree that modern means of communication is better than old ones.

(Unit 12) SB - p.95

Plan and write an essay of 12 sentences (140 words), persuading your brother to agree that women can achieve great success in her life, despite of the society limits.





WB - p.93 I

Plan and write an essay of 12 sentences (140 words), persuading your friend of the benefits of travelling and how it affects our lives and personalities.

Extra related Persuasive Topics

Write a letter of about (12 sentences - 140 words) persuading your friend to try using electric cars instead of the cars that work with petrol showing him the disadvantages of fossil fuels.

Write a letter of about (12 sentences – 140 words) "Cell phones should never be used while driving."

Being a successful manager is not easy. Your close friend has been promoted a bank manager In not less than 12 sentences (140 words) write a paragraph discussing with him the characteristics and the skills needed to be in such position

Write an essay of 4 paragraphs (12 sentences 140 words) telling your young siblings about the types of stories, their benefits and give an example of a religious story.

In not less than (12 sentences - 140 words) write a paragraph through which you persuade your colleagues that Kids under 15 shouldn't have Facebook pages.

Your brother wants to work as a pilot. Write an essay of 4 paragraphs (12 sentences 140 words) telling him the disadvantages of working as a pilot and the dangers he faces convincing him to choose another career.



<u>Set-Book Questions</u> Unit 7 Alternative power

1- The use of oil and fossil fuels is contributing to environmental damage and global warming. Discuss this statement.

Drilling oil can have detrimental effects on the environment. Discuss.

It causes pollution. Animals and birds lose their habitats. It causes health problems.

2- In your opinion, how can we protect the world's energy sources?

We can use other sources of energy like wind power, wave power and solar power. We shouldn't depend on fossil fuels as a main source.

3- Imagine what would happen if the world continued to use oil at a constant rate?

Oil would finish. Pollution would increase. Health problems would increase.

4- Why are Scientists developing sustainable fuels for use worldwide? (Why is it important for governments to invest in new technologies to provide energy?)

They want to save oil. They want to save the environment. They want to end pollution.

5- Without oil life would be a different place. Explain.

Modern life would stop. Life would be slower. There would be no pollution.

6- What are the advantages and disadvantages of natural sources of energy like Wind power, Wave power and Solar energy?

	Advantages :	Disadvantages :
Wind power	It saves oil. It is cheap. It is	'It needs large space. It spoils the
	renewable. It reduces	beauty of nature. It causes noise
	pollution. It is clean. It is	pollution. It needs large space.
Wave power	green.	It is dangerous for ships and fish. It may put tourists off.
Solar energy?		We can't collect power at night or when it is cloudy.

- 7- Using cars too much can lead to many health problems such as.... asthma, heart problems and obesity.
- 8- There is too much congestion on the roads in Kuwait. How can we solve that problem? (Suggest some practical ways for diminishing the amount of energy we use in our cars?)

We can use buses instead of cars. We can share cars with others.

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Unit 8 Modern Technology

1- Are you for or against modern technology? Give reasons.

For because: Life has become faster, easier and more comfortable.

Against because: We have become lazy. It might lead to health problems.

2- What do think mobile phones will be like in the future?

They will be smaller. They will be smarter.

3- How will micro-robots help doctors?

(Modern inventions will help doctors much in the future. Discuss.)

Nanoshells will cure diseases like cancer. They will travel in the body and repair organs.

4- What can human beings do now that they couldn't do 100 years ago?

They can travel around the world. The can use smart phones. They can chat with people all over the world.

5- "Islamic society always respects science and scientists." Discuss.

There are many Souras in the holy Quran that glorify science and scientists. Islam teaches us to respect scientists.

6- Bio-fuel is preferable rather than petrol as a source of energy. Why? Why are scientists proposing that motorists use renewable oils?

It is clean, green and renewable. It saves oil. It is not polluted.

7- How do you think clothes will be able to save lives?

They will control the body's temperature. They will check heart rate and blood pressure and send them to a doctor.

8- Robomates will be desired by housewives in the future. Why?

In your opinion, how will housework change in the future?

Robomates will be able to do jobs around the house. They can remind us of important dates. They can watch our house when we are away.

Unit 9 Money

1- What are the qualities needed to make a good bank manager?

He should have a university degree. He needs to have good communication skills. He should be honest.

Also, he should gain leadership qualities. He must have the ability to motivate his / her staff.

2- Money is not an end in itself, but a means to higher values. Explain.

(Money makes the world go round. Do you agree? Why or why not?)

("Money talks." Explain this proverb.)

We need money to buy all what we need, but money can't buy health, friendship, happiness and love.

3- How should the wealthy help the poor?

They should give them a hand to live normally. They should give them money, food and clothes. They can find jobs for them.

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- 4- Money management is necessary in our life. How can that be achieved? We should spend our money carefully. We must buy what we need only. We need not to waste money.
 - 5- Imagine that you became a millionaire, what would you do? I would help the poor. I would do my best to please people around me.
 - 9- Most people spend too much money on things they don't really need. What are the reasons behind that?

They are addicted to shopping. They are shopaholic. They earn money easily.

10- "Love of money is sometimes the root of evil." Explain.

Money sometimes spurs criminal behavior. It can lead to wars among countries. It causes problems among people.

11- Do you think that the best things in life are free?

Yes, I totally agree because family, love and health are more important than money.

Focus On

Why is the National Assembly Building so special?

(The National Assembly building has become a symbol of political representation within Kuwait.(What does the Kuwait National Assembly building house?)

It evokes Kuwait's rich culture heritage. It is a symbol of political representation within Kuwait. It houses Kuwait's Parliament. It also houses the offices of Kuwait's leaders.

Unit 10

- 1- There are some different types of stories in the Holy Qur'an. Mention two of them. There are Moral stories, Wisdom stories, Stories about the prophet's lives, Historic stories and Stories about good people.
 - 2- What do you know about Luqman and his wisdom?

He was not a prophet but he was granted wisdom by Allah. His wisdom serves as instructions to all humanity.

3- What pieces of advice did Luqman give to his son? He advised him to pray, to be patient, to be humble and to reduce his voice.

4- Mention two of Luqman's virtues described in the Holy Quran.

(List some of the virtues that Luqman stresses on:)

Modesty, respectfulness, gratefulness, patience, self-restraint and composure are some virtues Luqman described in the holy Quran.

5- What are our duties towards our parents?

We should Obey them. We must respect them. We must listen to their advice.

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6- What are the pieces of advice that Luqman told his son not to do? He advised him not to associate anything with Allah, not to be proud and insolent.

7- What pieces of advice does a father give to his son?

A father advises his son to pray, tell the truth, to be humble and to help the needy.

8- How do the stories in the Holy Quran benefit us?

They are as examples for us. We can Understand the hardship that the prophets faced. They Ensure the trust of people in God (Allah). We learn the stories of great noble men who lived in the past.

9- What can people do after retirement?

They can start their own business. They can practice their favourite hobbies.

10- In your own point of view, what makes a person happy and satisfied in life?

Having a good family, money, good health and a good job make a person happy and satisfied in life.

11- What are the causes of road accidents?

Bad weather, speed, careless drivers and old cares are some causes of road accidents.

Unit 11

1- People send messages for many reasons. What are they?

They send messages to communicate with each other and to pass information and share ideas.

2- There are different ways of sending messages now and in the past. Mention some.

In the past: people used Pigeons, normal letters, smoke, men on horses

Now: People use mobiles, e-mail and answering machines.

3- Why did people use pigeons for carrying messages in the past?

They know their way back home. They can travel for over one thousand kilometers in one flight.

4- Pigeons messaging has been used in wartimes. Why?

To send reports to the leaders when it was too dangerous to use normal postal services.

5- Why are some kinds of pigeons called "boomerang" Pigeons?

Because they are trained to deliver one message and return with another.

6- Why are pigeons sometimes called "homing pigeons"?

They are called so because they know their way back home.

7- SIM card is good for international travellers because

They save personal information, text messages, one's phone book, photos and other data.

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8- Communication via the internet is preferable to other ways of communication by some people . Why ?

(What are the benefits of e-mail and phone text messages?)

Communication via the internet is faster, easier and handy. The internet is available 24 hours a day. People can share information using text messages.

9- Are you for or against the new language which developed because of the abbreviated text messages. Why?

<u>I am for</u> because it is easier and faster. It saves time and effort.

<u>I am against</u> because day after day we lose our language.

10- What pieces of advice would you give to your friend who misuses the text message services?

You should use it properly. You can share useful information with your friends.

Unit 12

1- What are the advantages and disadvantages of working as a pilot?

Advantages: they can visit different countries, Learn new customs and traditions, meet new people, make new friends. (Why do some young people dream of being pilots?)

Disadvantages: they stay away from home for long. They are responsible for passengers' lives. They face many dangers.

2- What are the skills needed to be a pilot? (To become a pilot you should.......)

They attend special flying courses. They must be physically fit and mentally ready to deal with emergencies. They need to train and up-date yourself all the time

3- What dangers might pilots face while flying by plane?

They face many dangers like; bad weather, faulty plane appliances, icy conditions, mechanical problems, shortage of fuel and jet-lag.

4- In what way has air travel changed the way people live?

Air travel has become more comfortable. Air travel has become faster. People go anywhere in a short time.

5- Man can achieve success in his life whatever his ability. In your view, how can man achieve success in life.

He should have strong will, determination, working hard, stamina and patience.

6- Why do you think Ahmed Meshari Al-Adwani is a good example as a famous Kuwaiti character?

He is a Kuwaiti poet, writer and teacher. He founded Al-Ra'ed magazine and other magazines. He wrote many poems, stories and scripts. He wrote the kuwaiti National Anthem.

a- would have tell



If Conditional

Zero Conditional

	zere cenar	<u>ero i rei</u>	
≥ Do as required in br	ackets:		
		ow zero. (Correct the U i	Metaros Culturalis de Carata de Cara ■t
	gear,		(Complete)
3- The machine not wor		enough oil. (Correct the	
	Тур	<u>e 1</u>	
Choose the best option	<u>on:</u>		
1- If he buys that car, it	him mu	ch.	
a- would have cost			d- cost
2- If the weather	warm , w	e'll go to the sea .	
a- is	b-was	c- were	d- be
3- If you don't pay the m	oney, you	to jail.	
a- Would have gone	b- will go	c- would go	d- could go
4- His teeth will become	bad if he	much sweets .	
a- had eaten	b- eating	c- eats	d- ate
5- The neighbours	if	the dog keeps barking .	
a- could complain	b- will complai	n c- would complain	d- complain
	<u>Typ</u>	<u>e 2</u>	
Correct the underlined	<u>mistakes</u>		
If he succeeded, he	the university .		
could have joined	b- would join	c- will join	d- can join
You would meet them if y	ouearli	er.	
come	b- comes	c- came	d- coming
If I were a bird, I	mait com		
would have flown	b- will fly	c- would fly	d- can fly
If youto hi	m , he would forgive	e you.	
apologize	b- apologizes	c- apologizing	d- apologize

5- She.....to the manager if she didn't like the food.

b-will tell

c- would tell

d- apologized

d-can tell

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Type 3

<u>≥ Choose the rig</u>	<u>ht answer:</u>				
1-If I had seen him	n, I	him about the pa	rty.		
a- will tell	b- wo	ould tell	c- would hav	e told	d- tell
2-If Maha had stu	died hard la	st year, she			
a- would have suc	ceeded	b- would succeed	c- will	succeed	d- succeed
3-If Iii	n Egypt , I w	ould have visited t	he pyramids.		
a- am		b- were	c- was		d- had been
4- If he hadn't bee	en late, he	the plane.	K		
a- would have mis	ssed	b- will miss	c- coul	d miss	d- miss
5- If my car	0	ut of petrol, I woul	dn't have tak	en a taxi.	
a- didn't run		b- hadn't run	c- does	sn't run	d- don't run
2 - If he's angry, 3 - If I saw a ghost 4- The radio does 5- If I were you, 6- If it is sunny, 7	t,n't work if			if she drive	s very fast.
		Strong &	Heavy		
a- heavy 2- There is a a- heavy 3- The newspaper a- heavy	his leg when b- heavier smel b- heavier reports b- heavier	he suffered a	ong ong on the kitche ong ong ontral Africa.	d- strongest	
4- Building housesa- heavy	s is	work.	ong	d- strongest	
		soon because I saw	·		s in the sky.

Grade 10 Final Revision

HHHD

{CAN / COULD / able to / MUST / SHOULD }

Trom a, b, c and	d choose the cor	roct answor:	
1-When the fog lift			
a. can	b. could	c. will be able	d. may
2-I am an adult I	to understan	d teenagers.	
a. am unable	b. won't	c. can't	d. could
3-Employers	reach the	eir offices on time becau	se of the heavy traffic.
a. can	b. must	c. could	d. can't
4-You	drink this. It i	s poisonous.	
a. have to			d. can
		he car because she hasn'	
		c-won't be able to	
		5	buy what they need.
a- can			d- might
1980000	The state of the s	n the door till my dad ca	
		c- wasn't able to	d- might
		doesn't have a car.	
		c- wasn't able to	
150		ea. Is	
a- can	b- must	c- couldn't	d- could
	Hav	e to \ Should \ Mus	t
Choose the best an			<u> </u>
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
1. These books are	complimentary.	You	pay for them.
a. must	b. should	c. don't have to	d. have to
2. You	be more carefu	ıl with your savings.	
a. mustn't	b. must	c. has to	d. shouldn't
3. You	drive someone's	s car without asking then	n first.
a. should	b. mustn't	c. must	d. have to
4. You	see the doctor,	you look terrible.	
a. don't have to	b. must	c. shouldn't	d. mustn't
5. My boss needs t	his report immedi	ately. I	finish it now.
a. wouldn't	b. can't	c. don't have to	d. have to
6- I spent the whol	e week in bed. I w	vish Ia	doctor.
a- have seen	b- had seen	c- see	d- will see
7- I wish they	th	eir money in the stock n	narket years ago.
a_ can invest	h_ will invest	c- had invested	d_ invest

HHHD

Wish

Choose the best answer from a , b , c and d :

1. I wish Ia- could speak	Italian. b- speaks	c- spoken	d- speaking
2. I wish my dad a- has		c- had	d- will have
3. I wish wea- had spent			d- will spend
4. I wish Ia- listen	to my mom and b- listens		d- had listened
5- I had low grades in the a-can study			
6- I wish I a- am	rich to dor b- were	nate some money for cha	ritable deeds. d- being
7- I wasted my money by a- save		ish Isome t c- had saved	
8- I wish I a- had known		s birthday. I'd have boug c- have known	The state of the s
≥ Use wish to comple	te the following sen	tences:	
1- I don't have a big ho			
2- You don't live close I wish	<u>×</u>		
3- Unfortunately, he is I wish	CONTRACTOR OF MANY SERVICES AND		
4- Unfortunately, I car I wish	10 0 1		
5- Unfortunately, we I wish	77.00 (ATM)	tonight.	

Grade 10 Final Revision



Reported Speech

Change into Reported Speech

1. "Have you studied reported speech before?"
She asked me
2. Turn up the volume.
He asked his father
3. Watch this film with me.
He asked Hani
4- Never come late again.
The teacher warned the students
5- Don't use the others' things without asking them first.
6- 'Have you done your homework?'
He asked me
7- 'Will you help me?'
The little girl asked the man,
8- 'I have been reading this book.'
Janaki said
9-'Go and change your dress.'
The mother told her daughter
10- 'I had read this book before I gave it to you.'
Susie said
11- 'I will bring my piano.'
Mike said
12- 'Bring me that file.'
The officer told the clerk
15



Adverb Clauses (cause / effect and opposition)

although, even thou	gh, though	whereas, while	e, but
due to the fact that h	ecause, since, as	as long as, so lo	ng as
Choose the right answ	er:		
1- Most drivers and pa	assengers will be safe	they follow	the traffic laws.
a- as long as	b-although	c- even though	d- whereas
2- The tea is	hot to drink.		
a- to	b-too	c- so	d- so that
3- We use flippers	swimming faster		
a- in	b- to	c- too	d- for
4- She couldn't share i	in the conference	she wasn't ready	7.
a- because	b-because of	c- so	d- so as to
5- He was absent	being sick.		
a- because	b- because of	c- so	d- so as to
6he is	rich, he is miser.		
a- As long as	b- Although	c- Despite	d- To
7havin	g no money, he wants t	o buy a car.	
a- As long as		c- Despite	d- To
8- We go to the library	ywe n	eed to increase our g	eneral knowledge.
a- because		2077	d- whereas
9- She didn't play mus	sicsh	e was ill.	
a- but	b-although		d- whereas
10	she did her bes	st, she got very low m	arks.
a- but	b- although	c- as	d- whereas
11- We are very happy	for you to stay at our	house	you like.
a- but	b- although	c- while	d- as long as
12- I'll remember that	filmI liv	e.	
a- but	b- although	c- while	d- as long as
13- You can borrow th	ne car	you don't drive to	o fast.
a- so long as	b- although	c- though	d- whereas
14we	are broke, we won't be	able to buy food.	
a- but	b- although	c- since	d- whereas

Final Revision Grade 10

Do as required:

1) She was beautiful. She wasn't attractive.	(use :Although)
2) They work hard . they aren't tired .	(use: although)
3) He is coward. He could face the problem.	(Use: although)
4) In spite of having an exam , she doesn't study .	(Use: although)
5) They are classmates but they don't like each other.	(Use :although)
<u>In spite of = Despite</u>	
Do as required :	
1) Salim was poor . He didn't ask for money .	(Use: in spite of)
2) Although Ahmed was poor , he never asked anybody for he	
3) Fatma goes to London every summer but she has never bee	n to Hyde Park. (Use : Despite)
4) Although Hassan bought a new car , he didn't sell the old or	
5) Khaled succeeded in the exams but he looks unhappy.	10 To
6) Although the storm was violent, we could reach the beach	
Adjective + to + verb is a common patte	ern in English
≥Do as shown in brackets:	
1- It's hard to <u>imagining</u> the world without money. (Co	rrect the underlined)
2- It's impossible to (live- lives – lived – living) without w	vater. (Choose)
3 - I find it difficult understand physics without a	teacher. (Add a Preposition
4- I'm lucky to knew a friend like you.	(Correct the underlined)
Yal Kuwait	
17	

Grade 10 Final Revision

HHHD

Adverbs of Manner

≥ Choose the right Option

1- She planned their tria- carefully	ip to Greece very b- careful		d- most careful
2- Jim painted the kitch a- bad	nen very b- badly		d- most bad
3- She gave me aa- carefully	look. b- careful	c- more careful	d- most careful
4- She speaks very a- most quiet		c- quietly	d- quiet
5- Tina is a a- slowly		c- slowest	d- slower
6- Turn the stereo dow a-loud	n. It's too b- loudly		d- most loud
7- He skippeda- more happy			d- happy
8- My sister bought a v a- nicely		dress yesterday. c- nicer	d- nicest
9- He drives tooa- fast	b- the faster	c- fastest	d- faster
10- She knows the roa a- well		 c- better	d- best
11- He plays the guitar a- more terrible	b- terribly	c- terrible	d- most terribly
12- We're going campi a- the earlier	ng tomorrow so wo	e have to get up c- earlier	d- earliest
13- Andy doesn't often			J. Landau
a- hardly	DIPVOTE LOO	c- harder	d- hardest
14- Sometimes our tead a- lately	cher arrives b- late	for class. c- later	d- <mark>la</mark> test



<u>Phrasal Verbs</u> Study the following phrasal verbs

Phrasal Verb	Meaning	Phrasal Verb	Meaning
Go back	يعود	Set off	يبدأ رحلة
Take off	تقلع الطائرة	Touch down	تهبط الطائرة
Check in	يسجل البيانات	Turned up	يصل
Pick up	يوصل شخص	Drop off	ينزل شخص

Thoose the right option

1- We for the airport at 7.30 a.m. in the morning. a- set off b- took off d- checked in c- dropped off 2- As soon as we got to the airport, we at the customer's officer. a- set off b- took off c- dropped off d- checked in 3- Forty-five minutes later our plane d- checked in a- picked up b- took off c- dropped off 4- The plane on time. b- touch down a- picked up d- checked in c- dropped off 5- Unfortunately nobody hadto meet us at Madrid Airport. a- picked up b- took off c- turned up d- checked in 6- Ten minutes later a taxius b- took / off a- picked / up c- set / off d-checked / in 7- The bus drove us into the city andusright outside the hotel. a-drop / off b-took/off c- set / off d-checked/ in 8- Last Friday, our plane couldn'ton time because of the storm. a- pick up b- take off c- turn up d- check in

Used to

Choose the right option:

1- When I was a ch	nild I go sw	imming in the lake.	
a- used to	b- use to	c- am used to	d- get used to
2. In the army I		. at six every morning.	
a- get up	b- used to get up	c- am used to getti	ng up <mark>d</mark> - getting up
3- I used to	a school uniform, bu	t now I don't.	
a- wears	b- wearing	c- wore	d- wear
4- I didn't	sleep before drink	ring a glass of milk.	
a- use to	b- used	c- uses	d- using

Grade 10 Final Revision



Do as required in brackets:1- She used to wear a school uniform.	(Negative)
2- Students used to studies in large groups.	(Correct the underline
3- No, I didn't use to study in groups.	(Ask a question)
4- We used to stay in an old hotel?	(Ask a question)
5- There used to <u>was</u> a cinema in the town but no	
6- I used to drink milk in the morning.	(Negative)
7- Yes, I used to walk along the beach.	(Ask a question)
The Passive V	oice
1- The boys play chess weekly. 2- They collect shells by the seashore.	
3- I changed my address last year.	
5- The students are writing Arabic in class now.	
6- The Government is planting trees all over Ku	wait.
7-My mom was making a big cake.	
8- She was cleaning the carpets when we entere	ed the house.
9- She has already bought a new film.	
10- He has fulfilled the aims of the project.	
11-By 11 a.m. the students had finished the exam	
12- They had ordered three meals before we are	rived.

Grade 10 Final Revision

Modal Passive

≥ Change into passive

50	the lesson to their collea		
2-The citizens have to	di vatili silak kend a rintinyisishdasi katababatah intantak		
3- Ali has to collect al	l the information needed	for the project.	
4- She is going to brin	ng me some books to read		
5-I will give some adv			******
	ng the kids something to o		
7- He should tell her	the truth.		
8- We had to arrange to			
Thoose the best opt			
1- You a- will give	some advice b b- will be given		d- is given
2- I a- was given	a lift by our neighl b- am given	bour two hours ago. c- gave	d- is given
	from Valencia to Ge b- was transported	(1.5)	d- transport
4- The parcela- is being sent	by sea now. b- are being sent	c- sending	d- was sent
5- Samuel a- is	awarded a scholarshi b- was	p by the university next c- were	month. d- will be
6- My cara- stole	. I don't know what to do b- was stolen	c- was stealing	d- has stolen
	21		

Grade 10 Final Revision



Causative Verbs(present - past - future)

Choose	160		. Lit	- de 7	Nam.
O11000C	DIC	164	340	Ope	oron.

1.	Instead of buying a new large a-repair	picycle, why don't you ha b- repaired		d- repairing
2.	She had her hair	at Quick Cut b- cuts	s for only \$25. c- cutting	d- being cut
3.	We had our house a- paint	b- painting	c- paints	d- painted
4.	Ia- has	my car washed yesterd b- have	lay. c- having	d- had
5.	I had the oil in my car a- changed	b- change		d- had changed
6.	He didn't paint the room a- paint	himself. He had it b- painted		d- painting
7.	The washing machine I have it	oought yesterday was fou b- replaced	nd faulty, so I took c- replacing	
7	<u>Change into causati</u>	ve:		
1.	She repairs her computer			
2.	He prepared his lessons.		ANA DANAHENAN DANAHENANSAN	and the second second
	She will arrange the files			
	She runs the firm herself.			
	They built their own hou			
 7-	I didn't repair the car my			
	She didn't make the dres			
	He is not going to take hi			
		The state of the s		

Grade 10 Final Revision



10- My father doesn't clean his car himself.	
11- We didn't cut down the trees in our garden ourselves.	
12- She couldn't repair her computer herself.	
13- Did Waleed repair the computer himself? No,	* • • • • • •
14- Did Adel take his own tooth out? No,	
15- Will you cut down all these trees yourself? No.	

Take & Make

□(Take)Study the following table

Word	Meaning	Example
Take	Steal	He takes his father's car without asking.
Take	Travel by	Let's take a taxi.
Take	Carry	You'd better take your coat.
Take	Swallow	I'm going to take some tablets.
Word	Meaning	Example
Word Make	Meaning Force me to	Example My parents made me tidy my room before I went.
THORESON ENGINEERING TO THE PARTY OF THE PAR		2 6 C 1 200 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
Make	Force me to	My parents made me tidy my room before I went.

≥ Choose either make or take:

- 1- This machine is (took made) in France.
- 2- I can't (take-make) all these bags in one hand.
- 3- How much do you (take make) a week?
- 4- (Take Make) this pill and you will be fine.
- 5- He (made-took) the money and ran away.
- 6- They (made-took) a taxi and went to the airport.
- 7- We will not (make-take) the conference next Sunday.
- 8- The boss (made took) me do the job in the weekend.

HHHD

Dhrasal verbs with take

DStudy the following:

1- take after (someone)	يشبه	4- take (someone) out	يخرج مع
2- take (something) back	يرجع	5 -take (something) over	يسيطر
3- take off	تقلع الطائرة	6- take (something) up	يتخذ(هواية)

Choose	the	correct	answer:

	***		2014 S		5 1%	200	30 F	28
1	\\/hen	have more	time	1	magna	to	take	tennic
1-	VVIICIII	nave more	unio,	1	m gome	w	take	 WIIIIБ.

a- up b- off c- after d- out

2- Mohammed takes his father. They're both very good at maths.

a- up b- off c- after d- out

3- A big corporation is trying to take.....our family business.

a- up b- off c- after d- over

4- Our plane couldn't takeon time because of strong winds.

a- up b- off c- after d- out

a- up b- off c- after d- over

6- He did not want to take a competitive sport, he prefers an individual sport.

a- up b- off c- after d- out

Relative Pronouns

From a ,b ,c and d choose the right word:

1)	This is the hotel.	we usually stay when we have a ho	oliday
----	--------------------	-----------------------------------	--------

- a) which
- b) whose
- c) when
- d) where
- 2) Edison is the scientist invented electricity.
 - a) whose
- b) which
- c) whom
- d) who
- 3) A widow is a woman husband is dead.
 - a) whose
- b) which
- c) whom
- d) who
- 4)The people we visited were very nice.
 - a) whose
- b) which
- c) whom
- d) who
- 5) Do you remember the exact time the accident happened.
 - a) when

- b) which
- c) whom
- d) who
- 6) This is the machine......can work without batteries.
 - a) when

- b) which
- c) whom
- d) who

- 7) She burnt the sticks.....broke her kid's legs.
 - a) when
- b) that
- c) whom
- d) who
- 8) After a few hours of working in silence, I heard a strange noise......frightened me.
 - a) when

- b) that
- c) whom
- d) who

Grade 10 Final Revision



9) After seeing these designs,	we n	nust tell the e	engineer in	charge	one	e we
prefer for our new villa. a) when	b)	whom	c) w	hom	d)	which
10) He is the person		car	was stolen			
a) who		whose	c)whic		d)	when
CODE AND	22-20		1251 ≈ 4 1245 3 64444442101456		11100 2 k	
11) She is the new doctor			名 <u>一</u> 名	978		
a) who	b)	whose	c)whic	en	ay	when
12) She is the journalist		art	icle was on	the front page.		
a) who	b)	whose	c)whic	ch	d))when
12) [7] : :				T.		
13) This is the chair a) who		my pa whose	arents gave c)whic		ď	when
.,	2)		<i>-</i> ,)	
14) We visited the school		my	father tauş	ght.		
a) who	b)	whose	c)wher	re	d)	when
N. Do no vo avivo d in hundrel	.					
№Do as required in bracket						
1. This is the pilot. He travell	ea s	olo arouna i	the world.	(Join us	ıng: v	vno j
3. This test is for students. The	heir	language is	not Englisl	h. (Join us	sing: \	Whose)
4. The student lost his bag. H	e is	waiting in tl	ne office.	(Join us	ing: V	Vho)
5. Look at the horses. They a	re di	inking in th	e river.	(Join us	ing : t	that)
6. This is the student. He has been training well and won the grand prize. [Join]						
7. That is the picture of John Long. He invented the first Television system.						

Grade 10 Final Revision



Grammar

Reported Speech

Change into Reported Speech

2. "Have you studied reported speech before?"
She asked me
2. Turn up the volume.
He asked his father
3. Watch this film with me.
He asked Hani
4- Never come late again.
The teacher warned the students
5- Don't use the others' things without asking them first.
6- 'Have you done your homework?'
He asked me
7- 'Will you help me?'
The little girl asked the man,
8- 'I have been reading this book.'
Janaki said
9-'Go and change your dress.'
The mother told her daughter
10- 'I had read this book before I gave it to you.'
Susie said
11- 'I will bring my piano.'
Mike said
10 (D. l.,
The officer told the clerk
13- 'Have you read that book?'
Jane asked

Grade 10 Final Revision

HHHD

14	- where is your w	atch?				
Jo	hn asked Sara	***********	EEGENEEL MESTERS	ER KRIKIKARIKAN KRIKIKA		
15	- 'I watched this m	ovie last week.'				
Sc	phia said					
16	- How often do yo	u go to the cinema?)22			
Sh	ne asked me	**************************************				*** *********
17	'- "Do you live in l	London?"				
S	he asked me					
<u> </u>	Choose the best a	nswer from a , b ,	<u>c and d :</u>			
1-		that she had b- said	been waiting c- saying	<u> </u>	when ho	e arrived.
2-	Mary said she a-loved	b-love	chocolate c- loves	2.	d- lovii	ng
3-	She asked us if we a- Meet	b- meets	Angela. c- meeting	Į.	d- had	met
4-	He asked usa- if	Mark had b-that	d passed all of c- not to	his exams.	d- to	
	a- to	b- not to that he	c- so as to		d- that the day	
a-	will be	b- would be	e	c- will been	d	- would been
7-	He told me that he	goi:	ng to pay for	his friend's t	icket tha	t night.
a-	am	b- is		c- was	d	- be
8-	The father asked	son w	vhere	has be	en.	
a-	her / she	b- his / her		c- his / she	d	- his / he
9-	Jane asked	mother if	cc	ould go out w	ith her fi	riends.
a-	her / she	b- his / her		c- his / she	d	- his / he
10-	- The teacher advis	ed the students to s	tudy	lessons a	ınd	waste their time.
a-	their / to	b- their / no	ot to	c- his / to	d	- her / not to
11-	- My friend asked r	me where	the day b	pefore.		
a-	did you go	b- I had go	ne	c- do you go	o d	- have I gone

HHHD

Question words

Choose the best answer:-

1do you	go to the gym?		
a- How often	b- How far	c- How many	d- how long
2sugar d	o you like in your tea?		
b- How often	b- How far	c- How many	d- how mucl
3about a wal	lk through the forest?		
a-When	b- What	c-Why	d- Which
3 do yo	u like your coffee?		
b- How	b- What	c- Who	d-Which
4- Do you know	this dress is? I'd	like to buy it!	
a- how far	b- how much	c- how deep	d- how long
5- I can notice	important this news is t	o you.	
a-when	b- who	c- how	d- whose
6- Look at the cakes in the	box, and tell me	. there are left. I may nee	d to buy more
a- how many	b- how much	c- how far	d- how long
7- I don't know	it has been since I la	st saw you.	
a- how far	b- how much	c- how deep	d- how long
8- Of course I did! Every n	nonth	did you visit him?	
a- how far	b- how much	c- how often	d- how long
9- Really, I can't forget	you were	when I needed some help!	
a- how kind	b- how much	c- how deep	d- how long





Grade	e 10 Final Revision	HHHHU
Group 1 – Al	I three forms of the verb	are the same
Base Form	Simple Past	Past Participle
cost	cost	cost
cut	cut	cut
hit	hit	hit
hurt	hurt	hurt
let	let	let
put	put	put
shut	shut	shut
set	set	set
read	read (pronounced red)	read (pronounced red)
broadcast	broadcast	broadcast
Group 2 – The 2	and 3rd forms of the	verb are the same
lose	lost	Lost
shoot	shot	Shot
get	got	Got
light	lit	Lit
	S24/000#	222002096

lose	lost	Lost
shoot	shot	Shot
get	got	Got
light	lit	Lit
sit	sat	Sat
keep	kept	Kept
sleep	slept	Slept
feel	felt	Felt
leave	left	Left
meet	met	Met
bring	bought	Bought
fight	fought	Fought
think	thought	Thought
catch	caught	Caught
teach	taught	Taught
Seek	Sought	Sought

Grade	10 Final Revision	HHHD
ell	sold	Sold
Tell .	told	Told
Pay	paid	Paid
make	made	Made
stand	stood	Stood
understand	understood	Understood
lend	lent	Lent
send	sent	Sent
spend	spent	Spent
build	built	Built
find	found	Found
have	had	Had
hear	heard	Heard
hold	held	Held
say	Said	Said
Group 3 – <i>I</i>	All three forms of the verb	are different
drive	drove	Driven
ride	rode	Ridden
rise	rose	Risen
Write	Wrote	Written
bite	bit	Bitten
hide	hid	Hidden
break	broke	Broken
choose	chose	Chosen
speak	spoke	Spoken
Wake	woke	Woken
Blow	blew	Blown

Grade 10	Final Revision	HHHZ

Grow	grew	Grown
Know	knew	Known
Fly	flew	Flown
Draw	drew	Drawn
Show	showed	Shown
Wear	wore	Worn
Tear	tore	Torn
Begin	began	Begun
Drink	drank	Drunk
Swim	swam	Swum
Ring	rang	Rung
Sing	sang	Sung
Eat	ate	Eaten
Fall	fell	Fallen
Forget	forgot	Forgotten
Give	gave	Given
See	saw	Seen
Take	took	Taken

Group 4 - the first and the last forms of the verb are similar

come	came	Come
become	became	Become
run	ran	Run



Grade 10 Final Revision



Mock Exam Mock Exam Total marks (420 Marks)
I- Vocabulary (50 marks)

						F82,_2	District contract	a and the same and and a	
٨	Trom.	a h	. 0 .	abaaga	the convect would	. 1	E = E	- 25 Maulza	1
A -	LIOIII	a, v, t	∞ u	CHOOSE	the correct word		JAJ	- 25 Marks	

l) We should be wise i a- finite	n using the Earth's b- strong	natural resou c- invisil		hey are d- irreve i	
2) It was a reala- tumour	to hear that b- shock	t the factory v c- nanosh		lose. d- satnav	
3) If youa- resolve		your parents y c- instigat		ced to work : d- inherit	for living.
4) Pigeons were used t a- firmly	to smuggle diamon b- instantly			countries. d- illegally	
5)Hurry up! The planda-knock off				few minutes d- touch do	
B -Fill in the spaces v	vith the most suita	able words fi	om the list be	low:(5 x 5 =	= 25 Marks)
(spoil - im	nplement - philan	thropic - pro	ofit - colleague	- prejudici	ial)
6- This project is	t	o our compar	ıy. I am not rea	dy to take a	risk.
7- Ripe tomatoes can	not normally be tru	acked long di	stances becaus	e they	quickly.
8- My	at work ad	vised me to t	ake two days o	ff to avoid s	stress.
9- To facilitate the tea	aching process, pri	ncipals have	to	a more restri	ictive policy.
10- As a man he was ?	loyal, affectionate,	*** ********	and ent	irely good.	
	II- Gr	ammar (40 ı	narks)		
A – From a, b and c		t answer tha	t best complet	es each of t	the following
$\underline{\text{sentences}: (4 \times 5 = $					
11- I had no keys, so a. can't		lock the o	loor. c. might not		d. must
12- I wish I					d. must
a. listen	b. listens	- 6	c. had listene	ed .	d. listening
13) We go to the libra a- because of	ary b- but	we need to	o increase our g c- although	general knov	wledge. d- because
14) My father is hav a-clean		eaned	now c- cleans		d- cleaning

Final Revision Grade 10



B. Do as shown between brackets : (4 x 5= 20 Marks)

15) The university will award John a scholarship to USA	(Change into passive)
16) She used to wear a school uniform.	(Make negative)
17) If my car had not run out of petrol,	
18)This is the man who lost his wallet at the coffee shop two	days ago. (Join Using: whose
III. Language functions	:44: (1-10-10I-X
(40 marks) A. Write what you would say in the following so 19) Your friend wants you to give him a feedback about his percompetition.	7200
20) You ask your friend about the best way to lose extra weig	
21) your car stopped suddenly and you ask for help.	
22) You were offered a free holiday for a month in Dubai.	
IV- Set Book Questions (30 Ma A- Answer ONLY THREE of the following questions: (3	
23) What is interesting about being a pilot?	
MARKET AND	
24) Which is more important, stories that entertain or the U 10 L 3 $$	nt have a moral message, why?
VAN KRIMAT (1992)	
25) Do you think that the best things in life are free? Why	Carried Statement Control of the Statement of the Stateme
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
26) Bio-fuel is preferable rather than petrol as a source of	energy. Why? U 8 L 3
33	



V. Writing (100 Marks)

Some Educationalists state that Schools have to reduce the amount of homework they assign to students. In not less than 12 sentences (140 words) try to persuade the readers whether it is a good idea to reduce the amount of homework or not.

Introduction:
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Conclusion:
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Grade 10 Final Revision The Topic (80 marks)



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Grade 10 Final Revision



Reading Comprehension (80 marks)

A. Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

- 1- The Paralympic Games, took place shortly after World War II, when injured servicemen and women returned to Britain. In 1948, while the Olympics kicked off in London, 16 wheelchair-bound British vets competed in an archery competition (a Shooting with a bow and arrows) especially at a target as a sport. It wasn't until 1960 that the competition was first recognized "The Paralympic Games." The word "Paralympic" itself derives from Greek, with "para" meaning "beside" or "alongside", signifying that the Paralympics occur side-by-side with the Olympic Games. However, it wasn't until the 1988 summer games in Seoul, Korea that the Paralympics actually began to occur in the same cities as the Olympics.
- 2- The Paralympics include athletes with a variety of disabilities, arranged into ten broad categories. Eight of these categories represent various physical disabilities, while the remaining two represent visual conditions. Athletes are ranked and grouped based on **their** "disabilities" to help ensure a level playing field for the various competitions.
- 3- Para-athletes in wheelchairs playing sports such as Wheelchair Basketball prove that their wheelchairs are not difficulties, but rather powerful extensions of their own bodies that allow them to do great things. Blind athletes in Goalball successfully defend their goals against a ball that they cannot see, only hear. If you think volleyball is hard, try playing it while sitting on the floor and without using your legs, and you'll have a whole new appreciation for the level of athleticism in these para-athletes.
- 4- There is no pity. There is no shame. There is only the result of years' worth of practice and training in an impressive display of skill. While discrimination is still unfortunately alive and real, these "games" have a massive and positive influence on all of those who view them. For a recent disabled, the games represent that the disability is the start of something great, not the end. For the young child born disabled the games represent hope. For anybody who feels "different", the games celebrate the beauty in these differences.
- 5- All in all, it is now clear that those with intellectual impairments are highly capable individuals who can accomplish great things, and are most certainly employable. Most importantly, all people are human and should be treated as such. Paralympians are not disabled *they are the super-humans*.

HHHD

A. From a, b and c, choose the correct answer: $(8 \times 10 = 80 \text{ Marks})$

27) The best title for the passage could be:

- a. The history of the Paralympics
- b. The types of the Paralympics
- c. The disabled can do many great things
- d. Para-athletes in wheelchairs
- 28) The underlined word "occur" in paragraph 4 means:
- a. happen

- b. deserve
- c. produce
- d. control

- 29) The underlined word "their" in paragraph 2 refers to:
 - a. paralympics
- b. athletes
- c. disabilities
- d. competitions

- 30) What do para-athlete prove to their communities?
- a. They can't do anything.
- b. They can't achieve their goals.
- c. They can do minor things.
- d. They can do good things.
- 31) For a recent disabled, the games represent that the disability is
- a. a beginning

b. an end

- c. a stop
- d. a conclusion
- 32 What shows that those with brain disabilities are highly capable people?
- a. They need our help.
- b. They are jobless.
- c. They are able to do jobs.
- d. They are impatient.
- 33) The following statements are TRUE except:
- a. In1960 "The Paralympic Games." started.
- b. Athletes are classified according to their disabilities.
- c. There is no shame to be disabled
- d. The Paralympics are for able-bodied people.
- 34) The writer's main purpose of writing this passage is to:
- a. inform the readers of some Paralympics events.
- b. suggest solutions to solve the disabled problems.
- c. compare between the abled and the disabled.
- d. persuade the readers that the disabled are VIP.

Grade 10 Final Revision



VII. Summary Making(60 Marks)

Read the following passage, then do as required:

The ability to learn from and relate respectfully to people of your own culture as well as others' is known as "cultural responsivity." Being culturally responsive requires openness to the viewpoints, thoughts, and experiences of others. To respect and accept people with different creeds and cultures, you need to develop cultural self-awareness. Understanding your own cultural makeup is the first step to understanding that others hold different values and beliefs and believe in them as much as you believe in yours. In addition, we can learn to appreciate and value diverse views. Do not judge views that differ from yours as wrong. Instead, just accept that they are different and even try to understand other points of view. We should avoid imposing our own values, as well. It is important to resist the urge to judge. Instead, make a conscious effort to understand the other perspective. Finally, it is much better to learn as much as we can. Reading about or talking to members of another culture or visiting a friend's cultural celebration is a great way to increase your knowledge and overall acceptance.

In FOUR sentences, summarize and paraphrase the previous passage in an answer to the following question: (4X15=60 Marks)

	ow can we be culturally Responsive?
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***************************************	A PARAMETER PARAMETER PARAMETER PROPERTY PROPERTY PROPERTY PROPERTY PROPERTY.
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V	III . Translation (20 Marks)
Translate the following into g	ood English : (2 x 10 = 20 Marks)
	A B B
	أحمد : يعتقد بعض الناس أن المال هو أصل كل الشرور.
Yal Kuw	
	أحمد : يعتقد بعض الناس أن المال هو أصل كل الشرور. عدنان : لا أعتقد ذلك ؛ نحتاج فقط أن ننفق المال بحرص.