



**Mubarak Al Kabeer Edu. Area
Al Qiblia Inter. School for Girls
The English Department
Grade 6 Term 2
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Unit (7) Science Data Vocabulary



| Words | P.S | Meaning |
|-------------|-----|--------------|
| water cycle | (N) | دورة المياه |
| experiment | (N) | تجربة |
| result | (N) | نتيجة |
| heat | (V) | يسخن |
| blow | (V) | ينفخ - يهب |
| measure | (V) | يقيس |
| temperature | (N) | درجة الحرارة |

| Words | P.S | Meaning |
|----------|--------|------------|
| degree | (N) | درجة مئوية |
| mirror | (N) | مرآة |
| straight | (Adj.) | مستقيم |
| petrol | (N) | بنزين |
| reflect | (V) | يعكس |
| pipeline | (N) | خط أنابيب |
| export | (V) | يصدر |
| tanker | (N) | ناقلة |

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

1-People use a thermometer to the temperature.

- a) blow b) measure c) reflect d) heat

2-Scientists are always there in the labs to do their

- a) experiments b) tankers c) pipelines d) results

3-The Arab Gulf countries oil to the other countries all over the world.

- a) heat b) export c) reflect d) blow

4- I can see my face in the

- a) mirror b) degree c) petrol d) water cycle

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(heat – degree – petrol – water cycle – exports)

5- Cars and buses run on

6- It is a fact that water boils at 100

7- Kuwait oil.

8- Try to your food, it is not good to eat it cold.

Reading Comprehension



Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

It was the end of the final school term. The boys in grade 6 planned to hold a class party. First of all, they got a permission from the school principal. Then each boy **contributed** 2 KD. Ten boys volunteered to be in charge of food and drinks. These boys prepared iced-drinks, bought biscuits, cakes and sweets.

Some of the mothers helped by frying meat and hamburger to make some sandwiches. Others prepared some cookies and pizzas. Every boy brought his own plate, glass, fork and spoon. At 4.00 p.m. on that day, all the boys met and re-arranged the furniture in the classroom. They reserved one section for food and drinks. Some boys organised games such as 'Treasure Hunt' and 'Musical Chairs' which everyone enjoyed.

After the games, **they** turned to the delicious food and drinks. Their teacher, who had been specially invited, gave away prizes to the winners of the games. Lastly, at 9.00 p.m. they took photos and went home happily after cleaning up the classroom. They felt the class party was a good way to end the year.

a. Choose the best answer from a, b, c and d:

- 1 - Which of the following is the best title for the text?
 - a) A Class Party
 - b) Lovely Boys
 - c) Musical Chairs
 - d) Delicious Food
- 2- What is the meaning of the underlined word "**contributed**" in the 1st paragraph?
 - a) decided
 - b) reached
 - c) paid
 - d) screamed
- 3- What does the underlined pronoun "**they**" in the 2nd paragraph refer to?
 - a) the prize
 - b) the games
 - c) the boys
 - d) the drinks

4-What is the writer's purpose of writing this text?

- a) To advise the boys to eat healthy food
- b) To show the boys how to plan parties
- c) To encourage the boys to play games
- d) To advise the boys to help their mothers

5- How long did the party last?

- a) about 3 hours
- b) about 5 hours
- c) about 2 hours.
- d) about 7 hours

6- According to the passage, all the following statements are **TRUE** except:

- a) prepared some cookies and pizzas
- b) They made cakes.
- c) They took photos.
- d) They fried meat and hamburgers.

B) Answer the following questions:

7- How did the mothers help with the party?

.....

8-What did the boys do after finishing the party?

.....

Spelling

Rewrite the words to make correct sentences:

- 1-Today the tmerpeaurte is three degree.
- 2- Teachers use the exams and their result to maesrue the students' levels.
- 3- You should go srtiahgt to reach the port where they export goods.
- 4-It is dangerous to heat oil in the pepileins.

The Present Simple Passive

Grammar

The present simple passive

1- Hani **plays** football every day. (Active)
S V O (sing.)



-Football **is played** **by** Hani every day. (Passive)
O (is + P.P) by S



2- The scientist **does** experiments in the lab. (Active)
S V O



-Experiments **are done** **by** the scientist in the lab. (Passive)
O (are + P.P) by S



sentences

Active

S + V + O + C

Passive

O + is / are + by + S + C

EX. Choose the correct answer:

Many great inventions (does - is done - are done) to make our life easy and more comfortable. The telephone is invented to (help - helps -helping) people call each other easily. Cars are made to help people go from one place (in - to - for) another fast. Fridges (was - are - is) there to keep our food and liquids cool. The air conditioners are invented (because - to - or) we need to keep our buildings warm in winter and cold in summer.

EX. Choose the correct answer:

Everything (does - is done - are done) in a good way at home. The dishes (is cleaned - are cleaned - cleaned) well. Food (are cooked - is cooked - cooks) and served nicely. The babies (fed - are fed - is fed) with some delicious food.

EX. Change the following sentences into passive:

1- I do the homework at home.

.....

2- People make cars in Japan.

.....

3-They find oil under the ground.

.....

4-People make cheese from milk.

.....

5-The bees make honey.

.....

6- Cows give milk.

.....

7-The boy kicks the ball to score a goal.

.....

Sequencing words

I had a nice day yesterday. First, I got up very early.
Next, I had a delicious breakfast with my family. Then, we went to Al-Khiran where we met our friends. After that, we Played many games together. Finally, we came back home very tired, but happy. Dad promised to go there again.



EX. Choose the correct answer:

I do many activities after school. First, I (go - goes - going) for the English course in the training centre next to (her - my - his) house. (First -Then -After that), I come back home to surf the net. After that, I try to (finished - finishes - finish) my homework. Finally, I go to bed early (so - beacause - for) I want to get up early.

Composition

"Kuwait is famous for oil which is very important for all people." **Plan** and **write** one paragraph (not less than 8 sentences) about "Oil".

These guide words may help you:

(Find - water - factory - take - pipeline - petrol - export – countries)



Unit (8)
Science in our life
Vocabulary



| Words | P.S | Meaning |
|----------------|--------|---------------|
| bacteria | (N) | بكتريا |
| chemicals | (N) | مواد كيميائية |
| purify | (V) | ينقى |
| invent | (V) | يخترع |
| fortunately | (Adv.) | لحسن الحظ |
| simply | (Adv) | ببساطة |
| fatal | (Adj.) | مميت – قاتل |
| source | (N) | مصدر |
| energy -saving | (Adj.) | ترشيد للطاقة |

| Words | P.S | Meaning |
|--------------|---------|---------------|
| contaminated | (Adj) | ملوث |
| drought | (N) | جفاف |
| flood | (N) | فيضان |
| light bulb | (N) | مصباح كهربى |
| South Pole | (N) | القطب الجنوبي |
| North Pole | (N) | القطب الشمالى |
| put on | (Ph. V) | يشغل |
| put off | (Ph. V) | يطفى |
| cross | (Adj) | غاضب |

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

- 1- Scientists many useful machines for mothers at home.
a) measure b) invent c) heat d) purify
- 2- Water is an important of energy.
a) source b) chemicals c) drought d) bacteria
- 1- Nowadays, they find cure to some diseases.
a) cross b) saving-energy c) fatal d) contaminated
- 4- All passengers were saved in yesterday's car accidents.
a) simply b) fortunately c) hastily d) soundly

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(cross – floods – fatal – sources – contaminated)

- 1-Volcanoes, earthquakes and are dangerous forces of nature.
- 2-He is because his father shouted at him.
- 3-Sara didn't get a good mark because of the mistakes she had done.
- 4-There are many..... of water such as rain and river.

Reading Comprehension



Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Mr. James and his wife have decided to go to a tour into Africa. He told her that the journey into the middle of Africa would be so risky and dangerous indeed, but she went with **him**. During this journey, they have done many things. They went many times for hunting.

Before going to hunt, Mr. James gave his wife a bell to use if she was in danger. After he had left, he heard the bell, so he went back quickly to the tent. He asked her, she said, "I was only testing the bell". After some time, the bell rang again. Mr. James asked, Mr. James returned to her a second time. she said, "I knocked it by mistake."

He returned for hunting, but soon he heard the bell once more. He didn't care about that. He thought that his wife had used it badly as usual. After a while, he got back to the camp. He was very **astonished**! Mrs. James was lying on the ground, with blood running from a big cut on her shoulder.

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

1- The best title for the passage is:

- a) A family tour
- b) A strange situation
- c) A busy day
- d) A scientific fact

2- The word "**astonished**" in the 3rd paragraph means:

- a) surprised
- b) happy
- c) pleased
- d) comfortable

3- The pronoun "**him**" in the 2nd paragraph refers to:

- a) Mr. James
- b) His wife
- c) the camp
- d) the tour

4- The purpose of the writer in this passage is:

- a) To be careful when using things
- b) To stay in a safe place
- c) To play with dangerous things
- d) To stay with other people

5- At the end of the story, Mr. James' wife may

- a) be attacked by a wild animal.
- b) ring the bell by mistake
- c) forget to open the door for him.
- d) wait to her husband.

6-According to the passage, all the following statements are **True** except:

- a) Mrs. James rang the bell twice by mistake.
- b) The journey was risky.
- c) Mr. James went for hunting with his wife.
- d) Mrs. James was testing the bell firstly.

B) Answer the following questions:

7- Where did Mr. James and his wife go?
.....

8- Why did Mr. James give the bell to his wife?
.....

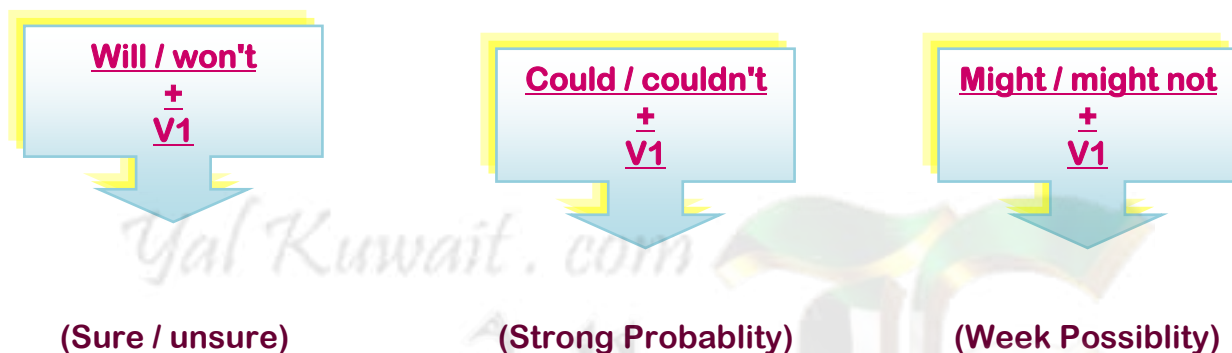
Grammar

Possibility in the Future

Examples:

- I got the passport. I **will** travel to London tomorrow.
↓
Sure
- I am very busy , but I **might** meet my friends.
↓
Perhaps
- Sara **could** come with us to Al- Khiran. She finished her project.
↓
Possible

Future



EX. Choose the correct answer:

Tomorrow, we (will - could - might) travel to Bahrain with my father on business. We won't (going - goes - go) by car because my father can't drive (for - in - at) long distances. My mother could visit (she - her -hers) visit her old friend whom she missed so much.

Spelling

Re write the underlined words correctly:

- 1-They can prufiy dirty water by using chemicals.
- 2- The bacteria in cnotamainetd water leads to serious diseases.
- 3- You can smilpy take a short cut to reach the post office.
- 4- The druogth is a natural disaster.

Composition



"Saving energy is very important to all of us because saving it means saving our life." **Plan** and **write** a paragraph (not less than 8 sentences) about "Energy".

These guide words may help you:

(rivers - rain - wells - switch off - lights - machines - bicycle - smaller car)





Unit (9)
Famous people
Vocabulary



| Word | P.S | Meaning |
|-----------|-----|-----------|
| Algebra | (N) | علم الجبر |
| Physics | (N) | فيزياء |
| Chemistry | (N) | كيمياء |
| Geography | (N) | الجغرافيا |
| interview | (N) | مقابلة |
| cancer | (N) | سرطان |
| cure | (N) | علاج |

| Words | P.S | Meaning |
|--------|--------|----------------|
| prize | (N) | جائزة |
| sadly | (Adv.) | بحزن |
| bright | (Adj.) | نقى - بارع |
| hard | (Adv.) | بقوة - باجتهاد |
| abroad | (Adv.) | بالخارج |
| marry | (V) | يتزوج |

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

- 1- It is amazing to deal with numbers and sums in
- a) Geography b) Algebra c) Physics d) Chemistry
- 2-My sister got the first at the running race.
- a) interview b) cancer c) prize d) cure
- 3- I want to study when I grow up.
- a) sadly b) hastily c) bright d) abroad
- 4- My cousin will to a famous doctor.
- a) marry b) hold c) melt d) reflect

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(hard - geography – cancer – interview - sadly)

- 1-Reading about the history and of our country is important.
- 2-To get money, you should work
- 3-Sara will have an in a famous program on air tomorrow..
- 4-The little child talked about his lost toy

Reading Comprehension



Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Respecting rules is one of the values that we should have in our life. Every where we need to follow the rules. In the streets or on the roads, drivers mustn't break the traffic **signals**. They must stop their cars if the traffic light is red. It is important to wait if it is yellow and they must go if it is green.

As a safety rule, people who walk in the streets should look left, right then left again if they want to cross the road. Also, at school, students are not allowed to write on the walls or throw rubbish on the floor. **They** should listen carefully to their teachers in class. It is not good at all to chew gum or make any noise in class.

In the science lab, students are supposed to wear white coats as they are doing experiements. They don't eat or drink as they are using chemicals that may have bad effect on their skins.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- The best title for the passage is:

- a) Traffic lights
- b) Respecting parents
- c) Careless drivers
- d) A great value

2- The underlined pronoun "**They**" in the 2nd paragraph refers to:

- a) students
- b) people
- c) streets
- d) roads

3- The meaning of the word "**signals**" in the 1st paragraph means:

- a) marks
- b) rules
- c) lines
- d) lights

4- The purpose of the writer in this passage is:

- a) to convience us with signals.
- b) to show aspects of repecting rules.
- c) to focus on the value of time.
- d) to explain the traffic rules.

5- Drivers must if the traffic signal is green.

- a) wait
- b) go
- c) stop
- d) walk

6- According to the passage, all the following statements are **True** except:

- a) We wear white coats in the labs.
- b) Drivers should drive carefully.
- c) Students should chew gum in the class.
- d) Students write on the walls.

B) Answer the following questions:

7- What should you do if you want to cross the road?

.....

8- Why is it important to respect rules?

.....

Grammar
The Past Simple Tense
Affirmative



walk - walked

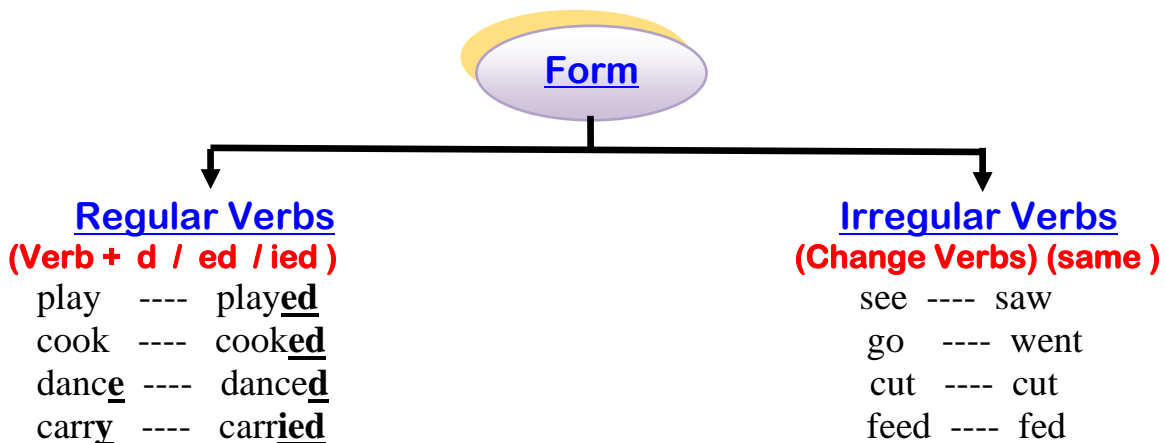




eat - ate

- They walked to school yesterday.

- He ate chicken last week.



Negative

1- They **walked** to to school yesterday. Affirmative

- They **didn't** **walk** to school yesterday. Negative

2- He **ate** chicken last week. Affirmative

- He **didn't** **eat** chicken last week. Negative

Key words

Yesterday / last / ago / in the past



sentences



Affirmative

They **walked** yesterday.

Regular Verbs

(Verb + ed)

Irregular Verbs

(Change Verbs)

Negative

They **didn't** walk yesterday.

didn't

bare V

Questions

Yes / No Questions

* **Did** you walk yesterday?

* Yes, **I did**.

* No, **I didn't**.

Did + S. + **V** + ...?

Wh. Questions

* **When did** you walk?

* **I walked** yesterday.

Wh. + **did** + S. + **V** + ...?

EX. Do as shown in brackets:

- 1-We visited the museum yesterday. (Make negative)
.....
- 2- My mother saw my friends at the shopping mall. (Make negative)
.....
- 3-Ali bought a nice book last Monday. (Ask a question)
.....
- 4- The old man walked very slowly. (Ask a question)
.....

EX. Choose the correct answer:

I spent a nice time last Summer holiday. I (travel - travelled - am travelling) to London with my family. We (go - went - goes) there by plane. We (stayed - stay - staying) in an expensive hotel. We (visits - visited - visit) many interesting places there.

Tag Questions

Examples:

- 1- Sara **is** dancing, **isn't** she.
- 2-Salim **isn't** at home, **is** he?
- 3-The cat **was** playing, **wasn't** it?
- 4-The old man **wasn't** walking quickly, **was** he?
- 5- We **are** with you, **aren't** we?
- 6- The boys **aren't** jumping high, **are** they?
- 7-My friends **were** at school yesterday, **weren't** they?
- 8-We **weren't** angry with them, **were** we?

- It is a short question.
- At the end of a sentence.

- Positive ← → Negative
- Nouns → Pronouns

EX. Add tag questions:

- 1- Salim is a funny boy,?
- 2- Your brother isn't coming tonight,?
- 3- Fatma was speaking English and French,?
- 4- You were in the club yesterday evening,?
- 5- Hassan and Ali weren't excited with the new game,?
- 6- We are shifting to a new house,?

Spelling

Re write the underlined words correctly:

- 1-We study geogrpahy at school.
- 2-Chmiestry is my favourite subject.
- 3-Great people got the Noble Pirze for their great works.
- 4-I have an intrveiew with a famous film director.

Composition



"Scientists and inventors have made great inventions and discoveries for people". Plan and write a paragraph (not less than 8 sentences) about "Inventions"

These guide words may help you:

(life - easy - comfortable - invented - contribute - telephone - light bulb - great)





Unit (10)
Communicating with the world
Vocabulary



| Word | P.S | Meaning |
|-----------------|--------|--------------|
| Receive | (V) | يستلم |
| look forward to | (Ph V) | يتطلع الى |
| Final | (Adj.) | نهائى |
| Racket | (N) | مضرب تنس |
| join a club | (V) | ينضم لنادى |
| take part in | (Ph V) | يشترك ف |
| Goggles | (N) | نظارات سباحة |

| Word | P.S | Meaning |
|--------------|--------|---------------|
| championship | (N) | بطولة |
| volleyball | (N.) | كرة يد |
| subject | (N) | مادة دراسية |
| communicate | (V) | يتواصل |
| Best wishes | (Exp) | أطيب الأمنيات |
| boring | (Adj.) | ممل |
| really | (Adv.) | حقا |

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

- 1- All players are ready for the footballwhich will start tomorrow.
a) championship b) racket c) goggles d) subject
- 2- Let's revise well for the English exam next week.
a) boring b) final c) bright d) hard
- 3- I need to to practise my favourite sport.
a) take part in b) join a club c) turn off d) take out
- 4- She was sad because she had lost her best friend.
a) happily b) really c) carefully d) fortunately

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

boring – communicate – join – hard – bright

- 1- Some computer games are as they may waste your time..
- 2-Nowadays, people can through the WhatsApp and the Vopor.
- 3-We should look at the side of life to feel happy.
- 4-You should a club to practise your favourite game.

Reading Comprehension



Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Some sources of energy such as oil and coal cause pollution and many other health problems to people. That is why they are trying to have new sources of energy to find solutions to their sufferings. Scientists have found a lot of things that can help people live more comfortably.

It was a great discovery to use huge mirrors to get solar energy from the sunlight. Scientists could use sea water to produce electricity. **They** always say that the sun can provide us with a huge amount of energy which is clean and does not cause pollution. For these reasons, most countries all over the world are thinking seriously to get energy out of natural materials.

In the past, people in India and China used the dry animal waste for burning. Solar power could be one of the best sources of energy. It can be used for heating water, powering machines and running factories. Solar energy is not expensive because it is produced from the sun as an **endless** natural source of heat and light.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- The best title of the passage is:

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| a) Clean energy | b) Oil |
| c) pollution | d) Solar power |

2- The underlined pronoun "**they**" in the 2nd paragraph refers to:

- | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| a) the problems | b) the sources |
| c) the people | d) the scientists |

3- The underlined word "**endless**" in the 3rd paragraph means:

- | | |
|--------------|----------|
| a) free | b) cheap |
| c) unlimited | d) safe |

4- The purpose of the writer in this passage is to:

- | | |
|---|---|
| a) focus on the value of natural power. | b) convince people of the sun power. |
| c) show the causes of pollution. | d) express the need to the sun and water. |

5- People get energy in India and China in the past through

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| a) the sun power | b) the animal waste | c) the wind power | d) the natural gas |
|------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|

6- According to the passage, all the following statements are **True** except:

- a) Mirrors can help get solar energy b) the solar energy doesn't cause health problems.
c) The solar power is cheap. d) Oil is not limited.

B) Answer the following questions:

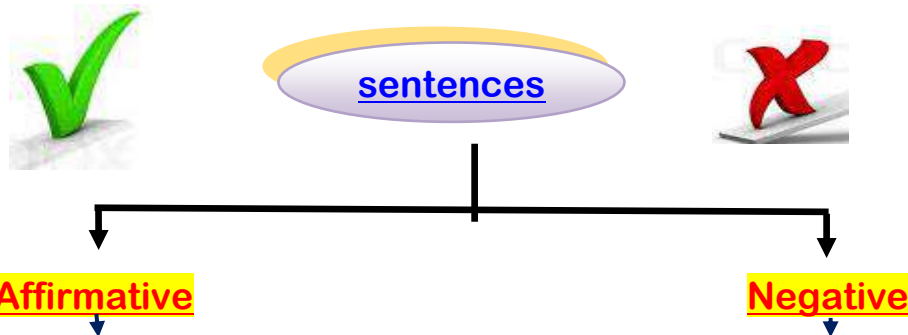
7- Why do scientists search for new sources of energy?
.....

8- What are the benefits of the solar energy?
.....

Grammar

Future Plans

- I **am** going to meet my friends tomorrow.
- Dana **is** going to have a running race next week.
- We **are** going to shift to our new villa next year.



- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| ○ I am going to sing. | - I am not going to sing. |
| ○ Dana is going to travel. | - Dana is not going to travel. |
| ○ We are going to play. | - We are not going to play. |

am / is / are + going to + inf.

am / is / are + not + going to + inf.



Questions



Yes / No

- **Are** you **going to** do business?
- Yes, I **am**. No, I **am** not.
- Is** Dana **going to** sing?
- Yes, she **is**. No, **she isn't**.
- Are** Amal and Mona **going to** travel?
- Yes, they **are**. / No, they **aren't**.

Wh.

- What **are** you **going to** do ?
- I **am going to** sing.
- Where **is** Dana **going to** sing?
- She **is going to** sing on Friday
- How **are** Amal and Mona **going to** travel?
- They **are going to** travel by plane.

Is / Are + S. + going to + inf. ...?

Wh. + is / are + S. + going to + inf, ...?

EX. Choose the correct answer:

Tomorrow, all the students in my class (are going to - is going to - am going to) have a team work making a poster about saving water. I (are going to - is going to - am going to) get the pens, colours and papers. My friend Dana. (are going to - is going to - am going to) write the title on the poster. Everybody (are going to - is going to - am going to) surf the net to get information about the topic.

EX. Do as shown in brackets:

1-We are going to travel tomorrow. (Make negative)

2- I'm going to have a holiday next Monday. (Make negative)

3-I'm going to do a project next week. (Ask a question)

4- The old men are going to walk to the garden. (Ask a question)

Spelling

Re write the underlined words correctly:

1-Dr. Ahmed Zwait got the Nobil Pirze.

2- Studying Pyhyisis needs a lot of thinking.

3-The Math includes Alghera and geometry.

4-Doctors study the Cehmsitry of the human body.

Composition



" A friend in need is a friend indeed. It is really wonderful to have a good friend". **Plan** and **write** a paragraph (not less than 8 sentences) to your friend about "Your Life"

These guide words may help you:

(live - friends - subjects - sports - favourite - enjoy - activities - free time)





Unit (11) A Beautiful Country Vocabulary



| Word | P.S | Meaning |
|---------------|--------|------------|
| Ocean | (N) | محيط |
| Similar | (Adj.) | متشابه |
| approximately | (Adv.) | تقريباً |
| Population | (N) | سكان |
| Capital | (N) | عاصمة |
| Landscape | (N) | منظر طبيعي |
| Tourist | (N) | سائح |
| Forest | (N) | غابة |

| Word | P.S | Meaning |
|-----------|--------|---------------|
| volcano | (N) | بركان |
| active | (Adj.) | نشط |
| hole | (N) | حفرة |
| smoke | (N) | دخان |
| area | (N) | منطقة |
| grow-grew | (V) | ينمو - يكبر |
| crop | (N) | محصول |
| hilly | (Adj.) | مملوء بالتلال |

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

- Animals live in the
a) capital b) forest c) tourist d) crop
- China has a greatof people.
a) landscape b) population c) smoke d) volcano
- Africa is in the west of the Atlantic
a) ocean b) tourist c) area d) capital
- I feel after a very busy day of work.
a) hilly b) similar c) active d) exhausted

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(smoke – area – tourists – grow – volcano)

- A can push out hot liquid rocks.
- Farmers different kinds of vegetables and fruits.
- The factories release bad which is the main cause of pollution.
- People in the joined a charity work to clean it

Reading Comprehension



Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Activities are practised among a great number of people daily. It is known that there are two types of activities for people to do in their free time. **They** are indoor activities and outdoor ones. Indoor activities can be done or practised at home, but the outdoor ones can be practised outside homes.

There are many examples of the indoor activities such as cooking, watching TV, painting, surfing the Internet, playing computer games or chatting with friends on the net. Playing a sport in a club, shopping or having a computer course are outdoor activities.

Anyhow, when you have a hobby or something important to do in your free time, you feel happy, **satisfied** and proud as you can do something that is useful and important for yourself and for the other people around you. Meeting friends can be done at home or at any other place like at cafe shops, in clubs, at cinemas, on beaches or in gardens.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- The best title of the passage is:

- a) Free time activities
- b) Indoor activities
- c) Places to visit
- d) Outdoor activities

2- The underlined pronoun "**they**" in the 1st paragraph refers to:

- a) people
- b) hobbies
- c) activities
- d) sports

3- The meaning of the underlined word "**satisfied**" in the 3rd paragraph is:

- a) angry
- b) content
- c) sad
- d) nervous

4- The purpose of the writer in this passage is to:

- a) convince us with shopping.
- b) focuss on games and sports
- c) express the meaning of happiness.
- d) show the types of activities

5- can be some outdoor activities.

- a) swimming and drawing
- b) football and cooking
- c) watching TV and running
- d) riding a horse and high jump

6- According to the passage, all the following statements are **True** except:

- a) Meeting friends is an outdoor activity.
- b) Meeting friends is an indoor activity.
- c) Meeting friends can be both outdoor and indoor activity.
- d) Meeting friends is not an activity.

B) Answer the following questions:

7- What are the outdoor activities?

.....

8- Why is doing activities important?

.....

Spelling

Rewrite the underlined words correctly:

- 1- They build a new **factroy** to employ a lot of jobless people.
- 2- We can reuse our old things instead of buying **expnesive** ones.
- 3- Water level rises when **icberegs** start to melt.
- 4- Many **tuorsits** visit Kuwait in Hala February Festival.



Grammar

Imperatives (Directions)



- Turn right .
 - Take the first right .
- ↓
- Bare V

- Don't turn left .
 - Don't take the second left .
- ↓ ↓
- Don't Bare V

EX. Choose the correct answer :

If you want to go to the supermarket, (go - going - went) straight on this street. Then (taking - take - took) the first right. But if you want to go to the fish market, (don't take - didn't take - doesn't take) the second left, but (taking - take - took) the first one. It is on the seaside.

Grammar

Adjectives



- fat
- tall
- big
- nice
- happy

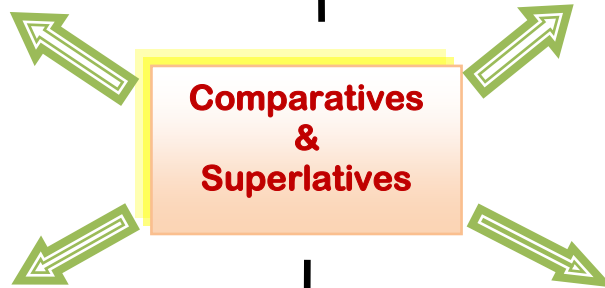
- beautiful
- dangerous
- wonderful
- interesting
- amazing



small smallerer than the smallestest



nice nicerer than the nicestest



hot hotterer than the hottestest



happy happierer than the happiestest

EX. Choose the correct answer :

My school is a (nice - nicer - nicest) place where I can learn and meet my friends. It is one of the (bigger - big - biggest) schools in the area. My friend Sara is one of the (good - best - better) handball players at the school team. Although she is (shorter than - short - the shortest) me, she knows very well how to score goals to win any match in an easy way.

EX. Choose the correct answer :

Many people in Kuwait (spend - spending - spent) a wonderful time last weekend. It (is - has - was) the end of summer and the beginning of winter. Now, bicycles (ride - are ridden - is ridden) by young children every where in the gardens and on the beaches. Next week, we (are going to - is going to - am going to) take a boat in an amazing journey in the sea with family and friends.

EX. Choose the correct answer :

Reading books is my favourite hobby, that is why I like (going - go - went) to the book fair from time to time. My cousin Huda is (old - older - oldest) than me, but she doesn't know the way to the book fair. Every time we want to go there, we (is taken - take - are taken) by my father in his car. We haven't decided to meet for a second visit to the book fair (already - yet - ago).

Composition



"Kuwait is a beautiful country with wonderful places to visit." **Plan** and **write** a paragraph (not less than 8 sentences) about "Kuwait".

These guide words may help you:

(modern - enjoy - interesting - beaches - shopping malls - Entertainment City - museum - Towers)



Unit (12) On holiday Vocabulary



| Word | P.S | Meaning |
|--------------|-------|-----------------|
| Helipad | (N) | مهبط الطائرة |
| Fortnight | (N) | أسبوعين |
| tennis court | (N) | ملعب التنس |
| e-card | (N) | بطاقة الكترونية |
| Fantastic | (Adj) | رائع |
| Causeway | (N) | جسر |
| Stretch | (V) | يتمدد |
| Link | (V) | يربط |

| Word | P.S | Meaning |
|--------------|-------|------------------|
| amazing | (Adj) | مذهل |
| experience | (N) | تجربة |
| pleasant | (Adj) | مبهج - سار |
| attractive | (Adj) | جذاب |
| kind | (Adj) | طيب |
| comfortable | (Adj) | ميدالية |
| pearl diving | (N) | الغوص على اللؤلؤ |

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

- Modern inventions have made our life easy and
a) attractive b) comfortable c) kind d) pleasant
- In the Internet, all computers all over the world are together.
a) linked b) stretched c) received d) grown
- King Fahed is an amazing project in the Gulf countries.
a) tennis court b) causeway c) helipad d) pearl diving
- I have just received a nice from my cousin in Canada.
a) helipad b) fortnight c) experience d) e-card

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

amazing - comfortable – experience – pearl diving – e card

- When I travel and meet new people, I can get
- It is to work as a team.
- I feel when I talk to my close friend.
- Building boats and were famous jobs for people in the past.

Reading Comprehension



Read the following passage then answer the questions below.

A poor man had three little sons. One day, his neighbour gave him a cooked chicken to feed his sons. He gathered **them** and said, "I have a delicious chicken for you. Tomorrow I'll give it to the one who sleeps well and tells me the best dream he will have."

The next morning, the man called his sons. The first son said that he had a nice dream. He started telling his dream to his father. He said that he was sitting in a garden. There were trees, flowers, birds and fruits to eat. Then, it was the turn of the second son. He said his dream was **awful**. He was sitting at a tank of juice, then he fell in it, but he drank all the juice and saved his life. It was the turn of the third son who said, "Father, you know that I always walk during my sleep. Last night, I walked while I was sleeping and ate the chicken." The poor man laughed loudly and said "Hey son! You are a very clever boy."

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- What is the main idea of the 1st paragraph?

- a) the three sons' dreams
- b) the neighbours' help
- c) the father's plan
- d) the neighbour's plan

2- The pronoun "**them**" in the 1st paragraph refers to:

- a) the sons
- b) the neighbours
- c) the family
- d) the fathers

3- The word "**awful**" in the 2nd paragraph means:

- a) very good
- b) very nice
- c) very bad
- d) very interesting

4- In this story, who always walks during sleep?

- a) the first son.
- b) all the sons.
- c) the third son.
- d) the second son.

5- The purpose of the writer in this passage is:

- a) to tell a romantic story
- b) to show how clever the child was
- c) to explain a tragic end
- d) to describe an adventure

6- One of the following statements is **NOT TRUE**:

- a) the neighbours gave a raw chicken to the man.
- b) the man has three sons.
- c) the first son was sitting in a garden.
- d) it was a poor family.

B) Answer the following questions:

7- Who ate the chicken at the end?

.....

8- Why did the father laugh?

.....

Spelling

Rewrite the underlined words correctly:

- 1- My son has an amzaing handwriting.
- 2- I want to work in this company to get an expreience in designing.
- 3- Travelling plane is more cmofrotable than travelling by car.
- 4- It is a plaesnat atmosphere among your family members.

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Grammar

The Present perfect tense

(already) (yet)

○ I **have** already cleaned my room.



○ Dana **has** already met her friend at home.



○ We **have** already visited their grandpa.



already → affirmative sentences

○ **Has** he **painted** the picture **yet**?



○ No, he **hasn't painted** the picture **yet**.

○ **Have** you **done** your homework **yet**?



○ No, I **haven't done** my homework **yet**.

yet → Negative / Questions



sentences



Affirmative

- I have already cleaned my room.
- Dana has already met her friend.
- We have already visited him.

have / has + P.P.

Negative

- I haven't cleaned my room yet.
- Dana hasn't met her friend yet.
- We haven't visited him yet.

haven't / hasn't + P.P yet.



Questions



Yes / No

- Have you cleaned your room?
- Yes, I have. No, I have n't.
- Has Dana met her friend at home?
- Yes, she has. No , she hasn't.
- Have Amal and Mona visited him ?
- Yes, they have. / No , they haven't.

Have / Has + S. + P.P yet?

Wh.

- What have you cleaned ?
- I have cleaned my room.
- Where has Dana met her friend ?
- Dana has met her friend at home.
- What have Amal and Mona done ?
- They have visited their grandfather.

Wh. + have / has + S. + P.P + ...?

EX. Choose the correct answer:

My mother (invited - inviting - invites) many guests to a weekend gathering at our home yesterday. My sister told me to help my mother in the kitchen, but I (have - am - has) already helped her. We finished cooking, but we (hasn't - haven't - aren't) made the cake yet. All the guests came except my friend Salma who hasn't come (already - yet - never).

EX. Do as shown in brackets:

1-The students have already gone to the museum. (Make negative)

.....

2- My mother has already cooked fish for lunch. (Make negative)

.....

3-I have already written a paragraph about water. (Make negative)

.....

4-Ali has bought a useful book in the fair book. (Ask a question)

.....

5- The old men have walked slowly in the garden. (Ask a question)

.....

6-I have done three projects about sea animals. (Ask a question)

.....



